Newport Daily News.

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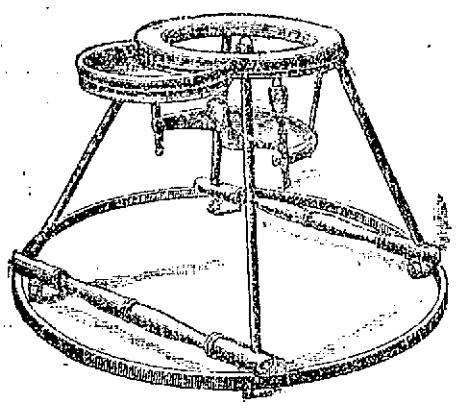

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BABY TENDER

We are offering for sale. Read what one mother thinks of it:

"A PERFECT SUCCESS."

The "Baby Tender" is a perfect success. If you don't believe it just step into my house some day and see my boy skate across the floor and yell like a young Indian with glee. I wouldn't part with it for three times its price if I could not get another.

W. H. CALDWELL, Rochester, N. Y.

A. C. TITUS COMPANY.

CHOICE POULTRY.

The choicest line of Rhode Island and Vermont Turkeys in the city at prices that cannot be beaten, quality considered.

Rhode Island Ducks, Geese, Chicks, etc.

INSPECTION OF THE PUBLIC INVITED.

J. A. & H. H. BARKER.

YOUNG AT VIGAN.

Encountered the Enemy Twelve Miles South.

Insurgents Driven Backward into the Mountains.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 7.—To the relief of the War Department, General Young has been heard from after a week's absence in the interior of Luzon. General Otis cabled this morning as follows:

"Manila, Dec. 7.—General Young reports his arrival at Vigan on the evening of the fifth, having encountered a force of the enemy at Narbacan, 12 miles south of the city, which he drove to the eastward of the same into San Quentin canyon. His troops are now pressing them back. Country is extremely rough and strongly entrenched.

"About six hundred prisoners, who escaped, reported that the insurgents allowed all but the American and prominent Spanish prisoners to escape from Dangued. Later, the insurgents were driven back into the mountains. Will send transportation with subsistence and medical supplies to Vigan tomorrow, to bring the prisoners to Manila and to supply Young's troops with necessary quartermaster's stores. Our casualties were one killed and 12 wounded, wounds mostly slight. Enemy left in trenches 25 dead, a few rifles, several thousand rounds small ammunition and 40 shrapnel. Young has sufficient troops to meet all difficulties."

LITTLE OPPOSITION.

Otis Reports the Movements of His Forces in Luzon.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 7.—General Otis has cabled the War Department as follows respecting the military situation in Luzon:

"Manila, Dec. 5.—In central Luzon there is no insurgent force of importance except in Bulacan province, near the mountains, where General Pilar holds together 1,000 or more men, who will be attacked soon. General Grant has moved a small column down the east coast of Bataan province, encountering little opposition. A column moving westward from the mountains is expected to reach the western coast of Luzon on the tenth inst. Many small insurgent armed bands are in the country, robbing and in some instances murdering the inhabitants, which are being pursued by troops quite successfully. To the south of Manila the insurgents still maintain their positions but the necessary force to scatter them will be sent there soon.

AMERICAN OFFICER KILLED.

Mutiny of Native Police in a Town on the Island of Negros.

MANILA, Dec. 6, 10:35 P. M.—There has been a mutiny of native police in one of the towns of the island of Negros. An American officer was killed. No particulars have yet been received.

NO LONGER NEEDED.

Smuggling Service at Port Townsend to be Discontinued.

PORT TOWNSEND, Wash., Dec. 7.—It is stated that the United States revenue launch service, established here four years ago to prevent smuggling from British Columbia into the United States, will be discontinued. The two launches, Guard and Scout, will be attached to United States cutter Grant, and Lieutenant Ballinger and Lieutenant Cutler have been ordered to report to Captain Tozier of the Grant. Lieutenant West has been ordered to the Perry and Chief Engineer Barrows to New York.

LARGEST ON THE CONTINENT.

Union Pacific to Tunnel Sheridan Hill in Wyoming.

OMAHA, Neb., Dec. 7.—President Burt, Engineer Berry and General Manager Dickinson, of the Union Pacific, have gone to New York to attend a meeting of the directors of the company. They will urge the necessity for many physical improvements in the road. The most important of these will be the tunneling of Sherman hill in Wyoming. This is the steepest grade on the road, and has been a source of constant expense and danger as well as a cause of great delay to traffic. While the tunnel would be the longest on the continent, it is not thought to present any great engineering problems.

FRENCH SOCIALISTS.

In General They Should Accept Only Elective Positions.

PARIS, Dec. 7.—After a stormy discussion, lasting two days, on the subject of the acceptance by M. Millerand of the portfolio of minister of commerce in the cabinet the Socialist congress has adopted a compromise resolution admitting that it might under certain circumstances be advisable for a Socialist to accept such a portfolio, but that as a general rule Socialists should only hold posts to which they are elected.

Passed Its Third Reading.

BERLIN, Dec. 7.—The Reichstag today passed the third reading of the bill repealing the law prohibiting workmen's associations.

MOVEMENT REACHES MAINE.

Notices of Increased Wages General in the Cotton Districts.

LEWISTON, Me., Dec. 7.—The general increase in wages now being arranged in the mill towns of New England has reached this state, and notices of a 10 per cent raise are being gradually posted through the cotton districts of Maine. Today the Androscoggin, Continental, Bates and Hill mills of Lewiston announced that the wages of their employes would be advanced 10 per cent Monday, December 18. About 50,000 hands are employed by the four corporations. It is expected that the Barker mills of Auburn, the Farwell mills of Lisbon and other concerns will take some action on the question shortly. The York corporation of Saco will raise wages Monday and the Lockwood mills of Waterville announce a 10 per cent increase December 18. The Laconia and Pepperell mills at Biddeford, owned by the Pepperell Manufacturing Company, will also increase the pay of their 3,500 employes 10 per cent December 18. It is expected that 20,000 operatives in Maine will be benefited.

ANOTHER MANCHESTER MILL.

Advance in That City Will Benefit About 15,000 Employes.

MANCHESTER, N. H., Dec. 7.—Following the announcement from Boston that wages at the Amoskeag, Stark and Amory cotton mills here are to be advanced 10 per cent December 18, Agent Charles D. McDuffie of the Manchester company says his mills will also raise wages in conformity with rates paid in the other mills throughout New England. The increase will be made December 18. In all nearly 15,000 employes will have their wages raised here. The pay rolls foot up $112,000 a week, and 10 per cent increase will make an addition of $11,200 weekly or nearly $600,000 per annum.

OVER IN CONNECTICUT.

Advance to be General in the Eastern Part of the State.

DANIELSON, Conn., Dec. 7.—The operatives of the Quinnebaug cotton mills here and the Wauregan Manufacturing Company's mills at Wauregan have been notified that wages will be increased Monday next. The amount of the increase is not stated, but it is expected to average 10 per cent. Increases are also to be made in the Ashland mills at Jewett City, the Attawaugan mills, Killingly; the Grosvenordale company at Grosvenordale, the Ballouville plant and other concerns. It is thought about 6,000 hands in all in eastern Connecticut will receive the increase.

NO AMOUNT OR DATE.

Whitinsville, Rockdale and Saundersville Mills to Raise.

WORCESTER, Mass., Dec. 7.—The Paul Whitin Manufacturing Company, with cotton mills in Whitinsville and Rockdale, Northbridge, announces an increase in wages. The notices in the mills do not give the amount or the date it is to go into effect. About 1,000 hands will be benefitted. The Saunders cotton mills of Saundersville will increase wages 10 per cent Monday next.

Peruvian Ministry Insists on Resigning.

LIMA, Peru, Dec. 7, via Galveston—The ministry which tendered its resignation December 2, owing to the attitude of the Chamber of Deputies, which resignation President Romana refused to accept, insists upon resigning.

Four Lewiston Mills.

LEWISTON, Me., Dec. 7.—Notices were posted in the Bates, Continental, Androscoggin and Hill corporations at noon today of a 10 per cent advance in wages, to take effect December 18.

York Mills at Saco.

SACO, Me., Dec. 7.—The York cotton mills today posted a notice that there will be an advance in wages beginning December 11. The amount was not stated. The York employs 1,500 persons.

DECEMBER 7, 1899.

Oriental Rugs for Holiday Presents!

At Special Prices.

Before taking our annual inventory, we will reduce our stock and we give today the public an opportunity to secure some rare rugs.

50 Daghestan Rugs, $9 to $13.
200 Select Shirvan Rugs, $15 to $30.
25 Superb Cashmere Rugs, $60 to $100.
15 Royal Bokhara Rugs, in large sizes, $65 to $200.
15 Turkish parlor and library carpets, $100 to $300.

KAZANJIAN & CO.

Second Edition.

THEIR FINAL EFFORT.

Boers Retire from Before Ladysmith.

Retreat of the Burghers Not the Result of Defeat.

LONDON, Dec. 7.—A story was current at Durban Tuesday, December 5, to the effect that the Boers made what is thought to have been their final effort to capture Ladysmith December 4, were defeated and retreated. The story was brought by runners and should be received with caution, as the unreliability of these "kaffirgrams" is notorious. According to this report the Boers opened a furious bombardment on the morning of December 4 and continued it for hours. The British finally silenced the Boer guns, made a sortie and hard fighting followed, the Boers retreating after very heavy losses, estimated in hundreds.

The despatches from Frere camp partially confirm the reported retirement of Free State burghers from the vicinity of Ladysmith, but do not indicate that the retreat was the result of a defeat. A statement in the same despatch that the Boers were firing into Ladysmith shows that the Boer guns were still active. It is pointed out that all suggestions of weakening refer to the Free Staters. Apparently the Transvaal Boers are still full of fight, though it is reiterated that they are short of supplies.

According to a despatch from General Schalkburgher's laager, dated December 3, the French and Austrian military attaches had arrived there, while the German attaches had gone to join the Boer forces along the Tugela river, where a collision was momentarily expected.

Perhaps an explanation of the retirement of the burghers from Natal can be found in a despatch from Modder river, December 3, saying that a strong Boer force, estimated to number 3,000 men, was reinforcing General Cronje from Natal. The same despatch says everything points to the fact that a great engagement will be fought at Spytfontein. The Boers are massing on the hills there, are entrenching vigorously between stone defenses and are digging rifle pits in every direction. The Boer redoubts on Lazaretto ridge, west of Kimberley, are also being extended and strengthened, showing that the rumors of the intentions of the Boers to abandon the attempt to stem General Methuen's advance are unfounded. The British have shifted their camp a few hundred yards away from the battlefield and are settling down for a week. There are some cases of fever among the troops. Much depends on General Gatacre's advance. There is undoubtedly a large concentration of Boers ahead of General Methuen. Practically the whole of their Mafeking forces have joined the Kimberley besiegers.

An official account of the sortie at Kimberley November 28, when the British casualties, as cabled yesterday, occurred, says: The British demonstrated towards Wimbledon rifle range. The enemy's guns were positioned from the ridge at Spitskop to Wimbledon siding. Major Scott-Turner, with the mounted troops, attacked the enemy's right flank, capturing a laager and three redoubts. The enemy, in a fourth redoubt, made a stubborn resistance, when Major Scott Turner was killed. The British captured many shells and destroyed other stores.

The same despatch gives reports from Colonel Kekewich, dated December 3 and 4, showing the Boers were increasing in numbers around Kimberley.

The Boer advance in the northeastern part of Cape Colony is becoming remarkable. The local farmers are flocking to the Boer laagers, the townspeople in many instances welcoming the invaders with every demonstration of joy. The annexation of British territory proceeds daily. The reported Boer successes have made a great impression among the Basutos.

Advices from Pretoria say the government has allowed two cable messages to reach Winston Churchill. The mint at Pretoria is coining 100,000 sovereigns monthly.

The war office has been notified that the British had five killed and 25 wounded in the sortie from Kimberley November 25, including three Colonial officers.

Special despatches from Lourenzo Marquez, dated Tuesday, December 5, say President Kruger is only prevented from going to the front by the objections of the members of the executive council. Mrs. Kruger, it is added, is ill.

It is reported from Orange river today that 107 dead Boers were taken to Kaffirskop after the battle of Belmont.

TUGELA BRIDGE RUINED.

Work of Great Magnitude for Either Side to Restore It.

PRETORIA, Dec. 6.—Official despatches received here from the different Boer forces say all is quiet, except at Kimberley, where an armored train made a sortie this morning. The Orange Free State has proclaimed the annexa-

CONTINUED ON FIFTH PAGE.

Fall Woolens.

COMMERFORD,
TAILOR,
218 Thames Street.
Telephone.

Best Goods. Least Money.

THE RICHARDSON CO'S

No. "83"

—AND—

"Postoffice Square"

FIVE CENT CIGARS.
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

—OF—

J. D. Richardson & Co.,

306 Thames St., Opp. Postoffice.

Just a few more ladies'

Franklin Bicycles

Left. Former price $35.
Price now, while they last,

$20.

COME TO ME WHEN YOU WANT

REPAIRING DONE.

B. J. FOY,
379 Thames Street, Newport.
TELEPHONE 335-4.

ROBERTS COMMITTEE MEETS.

To Determine the Method of Procedure in the Case.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 7.—The special committee of the House appointed to investigate the charges against Mr. Roberts, the Mormon representative from Utah, held its first meeting today behind closed doors. The meeting was called for the purpose of determining the method of procedure in the case. It was held in the room of committee on elections No. 1, and was presided over by the chairman, Mr. Taylor of Ohio. All the other members of the committee were present, Messrs. Morris of Minnesota, Freer of West Virginia, Littlefield of Maine, McPherson of Iowa, Landis of Indiana, Republicans; and De Armond of Missouri, Lanham of Texas and Miers of Indiana, Democrats.

Little progress was made at the meeting today and an adjournment was taken until tomorrow at 10 o'clock. It has not yet been decided whether Mr. Roberts is to be allowed counsel or whether the hearings will be open or private. The determination of the latter question, it is believed, will depend upon Mr. Roberts's wishes. Mr. Roberts will also doubtless be allowed counsel.

SENATE CONTESTS.

Counsel in the Quay Case to be Heard December 16.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 7.—The Senate committee on privileges and elections today arranged the preliminaries for the consideration of the protests against Senators Quay, Clark and Scott.

In the Quay case it was decided to hear counsel Saturday, December 16, and that the hearing should be concluded on that date. Ex-Senator Edmunds and Hon. Jeremiah Wilson, of counsel for the remonstrants, were present and stated that the time selected would be satisfactory to them. Only legal questions are involved in this case and no witnesses will be heard.

The preliminary preparations for the Clark and Scott cases were placed in the hands of Senators Chandler and Pettus, who were authorized to decide for the committee what persons should be summoned and when they should be heard. The usual resolutions were agreed upon for securing authority to send for persons and papers and to sit during the sessions of the Senate.

STEAMERS ARRIVED.

New York, December 6, Trave, from Bremen.
New York, December 6, Oceanic, from Liverpool.
New York, December 6, Rotterdam, from Rotterdam.
Moville, December 6, Anchoria, from New York.
Queenstown, December 6, Waesland, from Philadelphia.
Queenstown, December 6, Teutonic, from New York.
London, December 6, Virginian, from Boston.
London, December 6, Menominee, from New York.
Boston, December 6, Etolia, from Avonmouth.
Boston, December 6, English King, from Antwerp.
Rotterdam, December 6, Maasdam, from New York.

Powell's Drug Store.

Full line of

Sponges, Toilet Requisites

And Mineral Waters.

PRESCRIPTIONS CAREFULLY COMPOUNDED.

FRANK L. POWELL,
COR. THAMES AND PELHAM STS.

There'll be a Snowstorm Soon.

We make this statement not because we have any private "tip" from the weather man, but snowstorms are due usually this time of the year. Why do we speak of the matter at all, then? Because we want to call your attention to our magnificent stock of **OVERCOATS, ULSTERS, REEFERS,** and to give you a hint that it is wise in time of clear weather to prepare for a storm.

All-wool American Frieze Ulsters, double-breasted, long and full skirted, big and deep storm collars, cassimere lined.

The colors in these coats are Brown, Oxford Grey Mixture and Black. The prices range from

$7.50 to $15.

Newport One Price Clothing Co.

208 THAMES ST. 208

G. E. Vernon & Co.,

IMPORTED AND DOMESTIC

Modern and Antique

FURNITURE

—AND—

Upholstery Goods.

Plans and estimates for Furnishing and Decorating Interiors complete submitted upon application.

91 John St.
NEWPORT.

THE BEE HIVE.

For Christmas Buying.

Sterling Silver Goods

An enormous purchase enables us to sell Sterling Silver at less prices than plated ware in many instances. All genuine Sterling Silver, every article warranted 925-1,000 fine. An immense variety of different articles from 25c. up.

Men's Neckwear in Tecks and Four-in-Hands, a big assortment of colors and patterns and a remarkably handsome collection, especially manufactured for the Christmas trade. Your choice ar 25c.

Ladies' Neckwear. We have more Ladies' Neckwear in our store today than all the other stores in Newport combined. Shaped Collars with Jabots, Jabots without collars, Collars and Bows combined, in all shades, from 25c. to $3.50.

DOLLS at matchless prices.

15 in. Kid Body Dolls	at 25c.,	worth	40c.
18 " " " "	49c.,	"	62c.
21 " " " "	75c.,	"	98c.
Big stuffed Dolls	50c.,	"	75c.
11 in. Dressed Dolls	19c.,	"	25c.
14 " " "	25c.,	"	37c.
16 " " "	45c.,	"	58c.

Big Dolls with handsome faces, nice hair and beautiful dresses, at 75c., worth 98c.

At $1.49 Dressed Dolls, that other stores ask $2 for.

Just received, 1,000 new Umbrellas for Ladies, Men and Children, the right styles at the right prices.

☞ Furniture coupons given with cash purchases when asked for.

This Morning's News.

ROBERTS WILL FIGHT.

Committee of Investigation to Begin Work at Once.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 6.—The investigation of the Roberts case by the special committee will be made expeditiously, and the resolution against seating Roberts will probably be reported unanimously and may be unanimously adopted by the House. Roberts will have to prove his innocence of the charge that he has continued in polygamous relations since he took the benefit of the Cleveland and Harrison amnesty proclamations, and as he cannot do this there is practically no doubt whatever that the committee, and probably the House, will unanimously decide against him.

Mr. Roberts will be given an opportunity to say under oath whether he is guilty or not guilty. If he admits his guilt or refuses to answer, the committee will have no need of other testimony. If he denies, the committee will have ample proof of his guilt.

The first meeting of the committee will be held tomorrow, when the method of procedure will be determined in executive session, but the general principle of the investigation is already settled in the minds of a majority of the committee, who believe that the burden of proof rests upon the accused member in a case of this peculiar kind, where his personal testimony is of such importance.

If he confesses, or refuses to testify on the vital points of the case, there will be no need for the argument of counsel, but if the case becomes protracted and intricate ex-Senator Edmunds, ex-Secretary Carlisle and other counsel will be given an opportunity to appear on behalf of the remonstrants against Mr. Roberts, who apparently, intends to act as his own counsel.

Mr. Roberts intends to fight to the end, and to make the most of what he hopes will be regarded, even by others than his own people, as "persecution." He fully expects to take the case to the courts, but it seems incredible that he will persist in this purpose, since all constitutional lawyers are agreed that no court would think of questioning the power of the House to determine in any way it pleases the question of the right of a claimant to a seat.

Mr. Roberts is reported to be entertaining the idea that he may be appointed to the Senate by Governor Wells of Utah, if Senator Quay is seated, and that he may make an entrance at the Senate, even if he has been rejected by the House. It will probably become apparent, however, after he has been rejected by the House, that the Senate would take the same action upon his credentials of appointment by the governor.

Mr. Roberts, like all the other members-elect, has been drawing pay since March 4, and will probably continue to do so until the committee reports and the House decides his case, which it is expected will be before the holiday recess.

The movement for amending the constitution so as to authorize a national law against polygamy is following closely after the movement against Roberts, and has a very formidable appearance in petitions with many signatures at both the Senate and the House. The proposition has been introduced in resolutions and is to be pressed at both ends of the capitol.

DISPOSED TO DELAY.

Quay Managers Believe It May Aid His Chances.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 6. Senator Quay's old seat in the Senate is still reserved for him, with his name on the slate inserted in the top of the desk. This was done by the Senate officials, as they explained, because they have had no instructions to do otherwise, and also because they have had no requests for that place.

This is significant as showing that the members of the Senate do not feel sure that the final decision will go against Quay, although they feel equally doubtful that it will go in favor of him. They do not want to take the chances of appearing discourteous to him, in case the decision should finally be in his favor.

But the best informed men on the Republican side agree in saying that they cannot tell yet how the majority of the Senate stands on the question. The real Senate managers have not canvassed the Senate, and will not do so before next week. The canvass already made is not accepted by them as accurate. That prepared by Quay managers as their confidential poll is open to serious questioning, and the Senate managers say that that is all that can now be claimed for Quay. They are fully justified in their belief that the issue of the case is entirely doubtful.

That Quay poll was made up by adding to the names of 30 Senators who voted in the Mantle and Corbett cases for the principle that in those cases the governor had the right to appoint the names of from 14 to 16 others who are simply classed, some of them at least without any personal inquiry, as likely to vote for the admission of Quay. But this is very loose canvassing, and cannot be accepted as accurate.

The Senate managers can get a favorable majority report to the committee on elections by a vote of two Quay men with their votes, but they hesitate to do this, as Quay should be accused of packing the committee.

In the meanwhile the Democrats, Populist Senator Jones, have colored Senator Hanna of Kansas to fill the vacancy on the minority of the committee caused by the retirement of Allen of Nebraska. This action, which must be accepted by the Republicans and announced by the proper protocol, would make a majority of the committee opposed to the admission of Quay. The committee stood then stand: For Quay, Chandler, Hoar, Pritchard and Spooner, Republicans, against Quay, Burrows, Republican, Caffery, Pettus, Turley and Harris, Democrats; Harris, however, having been elected as a Democratic Populist.

Hanna can not be present at the meeting of the committee called for tomorrow, but the Quay membership of the committee expects to be able to prevent action on the first ballot, in spite of the choice of Chairman Chandler to get a report immediately. But, except for the looks of the thing, the action of the committee is not regarded as especially important by the managers on the floor, who expect the real decision of the case to come there. It must be said that the Quay members seem to have abandoned all idea of trying to push the case, and, on the contrary, are disposed to delay it until they can get the majority in Quay's favor, which they have not already secured.

TO CURE LA GRIPPE IN TWO DAYS
Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box. 25c.

DORDRECHT OCCUPIED.

Boers Have Cut Telegraph Lines and Damaged Railway Bridge.

LONDON, Dec. 6.—The situation in northern Cape Colony forms the chief point of interest in the war news. Dordrecht has been occupied by the Boers, who have cut the telegraph lines in the vicinity in three places and damaged the railway bridge. It is also reported that firing has been heard in the neighborhood of Sternberg, where 1,500 Boers are situated under Commandant Grobler. General Clery has arrived at Frere to assume command of the British column in camp there. Communication exists by means of heliograph and searchlights between the relieving column and Ladysmith, so it ought to be possible to make things very unpleasant for the Boer forces that may be interposed.

A significant silence still hangs over Lord Methuen's movements, and no fresh news as to his advance is published this morning.

The Boers investing Mafeking have ceased to attempt serious operations against the town, and its capture is said to be impossible. Colonel Baden-Powell, in a message received at Buluwayo December 1, reports that the bayonet attack on the Boer trenches was more successful than at first supposed. At least 40 men were killed and wounded by the bayonet, and many were shot in the confusion, probably by their own side.

The official news of yesterday included the casualty list of the sortie from Kimberley November 28, when a Boer laager was surprised and captured. There was a serious fight, for 22 were killed on the British side and 31 wounded. South Africans readily identify two names in the list of killed. Major Turner was a gallant rough rider, who had seen much hard service in Matabeleland and Rhodesia under General Forbes and General Carrington. He was a fine horseman and a man utterly fearless, with an inborn love of adventure. Lieutenant Wright was famous as one of the roughest and most expert riflemen in South Africa and a match for the best hunters among the Boers.

The most important rumor circulated related to General Joubert. His illness is again reported from Lourenzo Marquez by the Reuter Agency, and General Schalkburger is named as his successor, in supreme command of the forces around Ladysmith. What military men here are disposed to believe is that there have been serious discussions among the Boer Free State generals, and that General Joubert may have been set aside. A council of war is reported to have been held on Saturday, with the state attorney from Pretoria in attendance. The same jealousies which are now known to have existed at Modder river between the Boer and Free State leaders are suspected to be current at Colenso camp. The Dutch allies, however, fought well against Lord Methuen, and are likely to offer General Clery an equally desperate contest, especially as they will have a superior defensive position in Natal.

Ladysmith has established heliographic communication with Frere, and it is reported that all was well up to Sunday. A despatch from the Boer laager, by way of Lourenzo Marquez, dated Thursday, November 30, confirms the report that the commandoes have been closing in upon Ladysmith and mounting big guns in new positions. According to the same advices, a heavy cannonade has been maintained and a general assault had been ordered for Thursday morning, but was countermanded at the last moment.

Modder river despatches say that the Boers are encamped amid the hills half way to Kimberley, but it is also asserted that a large body of the enemy has gone in the direction of Jacobsdahl. It is possible, therefore, that Lord Methuen may endeavor to clear his right flank as far as Jacobsdahl before continuing his advance. He is still waiting at Modder river for stores, guns and ammunition.

It is reported from Cape Town that the Transvaal government still refuses to acknowledge the right of the United States to interfere regarding prisoners in Pretoria, insisting that Great Britain must inquire through Commandant-General Joubert.

A despatch from Frere camp, dated December 5, says: "The Boers are firing into Ladysmith. It is rumored that 6,000 Free State Boers have left Ladysmith, entertaining the gravest fears as to the safety of their own country."

PORTSMOUTH.

[Regular correspondence of the News.]

Lighter Hercules has finished her season's work at the railway bridge and has gone to New York.

Schooner Hunnewells is loading fish scraps at the Narragansett factory.

Captain Isaac L. Church lost 1,700 pounds of tautog last week, the fish making their escape through a hole in the fish car.

Mrs. Abner Tallman and her daughter Carrie, both well known here, are visiting Mr. and Mrs. Daniel Robinson of Mansfield.

Elizabeth E., eldest daughter of Hon. Nathaniel B. Church, superintendent and manager of the American Fish Works Company, was married at the winter residence of her father in Brooklyn, December 6 to William Robert Morse of Staten Island.

Mr. and Mrs. Samuel G. Arnold of Swansea, formerly of Portsmouth, entertained Thanksgiving day their children and grandchildren to the number of 21.

A petition in voluntary bankruptcy was filed in the United States district court yesterday by C. C. & C. E. Chase of this town, their schedule fixing liabilities at $12,000.00 and assets at $18,986.92.

SUPERINTENDENT ACKLEY INDICTED.

A big surprise was caused in the United States circuit court at Boston yesterday afternoon before Judge Lowell, when the federal grand jury reported a true bill against Alnerin L. Ackley, superintendent of the Taunton division of the New York, New Haven & Hartford railroad, in connection with the controversy between the railroad corporation and the Order of Railway Telegraphers, which has excited intense interest throughout the country. Hugh J. Hill, train dispatcher in the same division, was also indicted. He was held for the grand jury in October by Commissioner Fiske after a hearing, so the action of the grand jury in his case was expected.

It is alleged that both men were instrumental in the discharge of Peter J. Galligan, a young member of the telegraphers' order, who was employed for some time in the train dispatcher's office.

The indictments are the first of the kind returned in the state, and implies probably the same questions of law which were raised at the preliminary hearing in Hill's case will be renewed. The action is taken under section 10 of the interstate commerce law, so called. The railroad corporation is behind the defendants, and the Order of Railway Telegraphers caused the institution of the criminal proceedings.

The question of law upon which the case might possibly hinge is whether one employed in the train dispatcher's office is "actually engaged in the railway train service" within the meaning of the statute. The company contends that the statute applies solely to such persons as are actually engaged on trains, and that Hill is not such a person. Whether the same contention will be made with reference to Ackley remains to be seen. Mr. Ackley was present, as was Mr. Hill, and both were represented by C. F. Choate, Jr. The defendants were allowed to go on their personal recognizance for two weeks when they will be called upon to plead.

PALE WOMEN

A Bloodless Face Indicates Trouble.

Watery Blood a Menace to Health.

WE KNOW HOW PALE PEOPLE CAN GET RICH RED BLOOD.

COME AND LET US TELL YOU ABOUT VINOL.

When blood is watery and thin, or, as doctors would say, lacks red blood corpuscles, it is a sign that much is radically wrong.

We would advise everyone who has such symptoms to start at once to take a proper remedy to overcome this trouble.

That remedy is Vinol, the greatest and most modern tonic and rebuilder.

Vinol owes its virtue to the fact that it contains in a highly concentrated state the active curative principles extracted from cods' livers, the same elements that have made cod-liver oil famous for wasting diseases.

These medicinal elements are dissolved in a delicious table wine so that Vinol is most palatable.

None of the vile-smelling obnoxious grease that characterizes cod-liver oil and frequently makes it an impossible remedy for those who should take it, is found in Vinol.

We could relate many instances where Vinol has done good and restored the roses of health to the pale cheeks of the sufferer.

The following is a fair sample of the way people write in regard to Vinol:

"For several months I suffered lassitude and tired all the time. Also a sinking feeling in my stomach, which nothing would relieve, and I was pale and weak. As an experiment I tried Vinol and if I wrote pages I could not tell all it has done for me."—MRS. A. K. LA PURSEN, Amesbury, Mass.

Because we know Vinol so well, and because we know so surely what it will do, and how it will accomplish the good it does in a scientific way, we unreservedly endorse and recommend it, and in every instance guarantee to refund to any one what they pay us for Vinol if they do not find it entirely satisfactory.

JAMES T. WRIGHT,
Pharmacist, Washington Square.

MIDDLETOWN.

[Regular correspondence of the News.]

The Paradise Reading Club met with Mrs. Arthur L. Peckham Tuesday afternoon.

The Oliphant Club will meet with Miss Anna Chase on the West Main road Friday. The lives of Queen Victoria and William Ewart Gladstone will be considered.

Mrs. Peter Melville and Miss Florence Willington of Newport were guests of Mrs. Arnold Spink recently.

Reuben W. Peckham, Archibald F. Grinnell and R. Ellis Grinnell spent a day recently in gunning and secured a good amount of game.

The Katherine Rober matinees in Newport are well patronized by theatre goers from Middletown.

For about an hour yesterday afternoon the people in the vicinity of the Peabody school witnessed the cruel treatment of a pair of horses in charge of a Portuguese laborer. He was returning from the Third beach with a load of sand, and when climbing the hill near the schoolhouse the horses refused to continue pulling. The man began to beat the animals in a very cruel manner, whips, pitch forks and stones being used, and finally succeeded in getting them to move on. The school children, who were excused in the meantime, were much frightened and returned to their homes telling stories of the cruelty they had witnessed.

Miss Marguerite Weaver of Putnam, Conn., has been guest of her cousin, Mr. B. T. Anthony.

A new bridge is being put in at the Bryer place by the electric railway company.

INFORMATION WANTED.

Daniel Webb of Boston was connected with Zion's Herald, the first Methodist paper published. He lived also in Newport. Daniel Webb was the son of Christopher Webb. I want information about the brothers and sisters of Christopher Webb. One brother is supposed to have been in the French war; another lived in Malone, N. Y. There were probably others. Who were the three wives of Christopher Webb?—[Notes and Queries, in Boston Transcript.

HOW ONE DOLLAR SAVED A CHURCH.

A number of members of a church met together to disband, seeing no possible way out of their financial difficulties. While with heavy hearts they were discussing the situation, a note containing one dollar was handed in with the words: "None but God will ever know the sacrifices made to get this dollar." The note acted like magic. One and another said, "We haven't done all we could," and the result was a saved church.

Call and see the 1900 Model Chainless

The finest bicycle the world of cycledom have seen it.

All 1900 model wheels, both chain and chainless, can be furnished with the automatic coasting brake.

REPAIRING, ENAMELING AND VULCANIZING.

G. G. & A. H. POPPLE, 134 Bellevue Avenue.

PIANOS.

Our stock is by far the most complete in Newport. If you contemplate the purchase of an instrument, you will here find a veritable CITY OF PIANOS from which to select. It embraces all the great names of styles from the largest manufactories of standard instruments in the world, including such makes as

STEINWAY,
HARDMAN,
GABLER,
STANDARD,
SINGER.

We cordially invite you to inspect our selection of pianos. You may not be in immediate need of an instrument, and you need feel under no obligation to purchase of us, either now or at any time. Our system is entirely free from methods which so often create this feeling.

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SEND NO MONEY WRITE YOUR ORDER, cut this ad. out and send to us and we will send you OUR HIGH GRADE BRAZ CABINET BURDICK SEWING MACHINE by freight, C.O.D. subject to examination. You can examine it at your nearest freight depot and if found perfectly satisfactory, exactly as represented, equal to machines others sell as high as $60.00, and THE GREATEST BARGAIN YOU EVER HEARD OF, pay Special Offer Price $15.50 your freight agent our C.O.D. charges and freight charges. Machine weighs 120 pounds and the freight will average 75 cents for each 500 miles. GIVE IT THREE MONTHS TRIAL in your own home, and we will return your $15.50 any day you are not satisfied. We sell different styles and grades of Sewing Machines at $8.50, $10.00, $11.00, $12.00 and up, all fully described in our free Sewing Machine Catalogue. But $15.50 for this BRAZ DESK CABINET BURDICK is the greatest value ever offered by any house.

BEWARE OF IMITATIONS be on guard against concerns who copy our advertisements, offering unknown makes under various names, with various inducements. Write some friend in Chicago and learn who are reliable and who are not.

THE BURDICK has every MODERN IMPROVEMENT, EVERY GOOD POINT OF EVERY HIGH GRADE MACHINE MADE, WITH THE DEFECTS OF NONE. Made by the best makers in America, from the best material money can buy.

SOLID QUARTER SAWED OAK DROP DESK CABINET, piano polished, one illustration shows machine closed (head dropping in an upright to be used as a center table, stand or desk, the other shows with full length table and head in place for sewing, 4 fancy drawers, latest 1899 skeleton frame, carved, panelled, embossed and decorated cabinet finish, finest nickel drawer pulls, rests on four castors, adjustable treadle, genuine Swedish iron stand. Finest large High Arm head, positive four motion feed, self threading vibrating shuttle, automatic bobbin winder, adjustable bearings, patent tension liberator, improved loose wheel, adjustable pressure foot, improved shuttle carrier, patent needle bar, patent drop guard, head handsomely decorated and nickel trimmed. GUARANTEED the lightest running, most durable and nearest noiseless machine made. Every known attachment is furnished and our Free Instruction Book tells how anyone can run it and do either plain or any kind of fancy work. A 20-Years' Binding Guarantee is sent with every machine.

IT COSTS YOU NOTHING to see and examine this machine, compare it with those your storekeeper sells at $40.00 to $60.00, and then if convinced that you are saving $25.00 to $30.00 pay your freight agent the $15.50. NOTE TO BUTCHY YOUR $15.50 if at any time within three months you say you are not satisfied. ORDER TO-DAY, DON'T DELAY. (Sears, Roebuck & Co. are thoroughly reliable.)

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to buy crockery at prices never before offered. We have tables from 10c. to $1, which are loaded with goods worth from 25c. to $2, not goods bought to sell cheap but reduced prices in every line. Lamps at half the original price. Don't fail to see our Christmas offerings. The best place in town to find what you want for the house, and for the boys and girls.

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19, 21 & 23 BROADWAY.

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STRICTLY PURE.
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NONE BETTER MADE

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CANDIES, CHOCOLATES AND BON BONS,
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We take special pride in putting nothing before the public that is not made from the best and purest that can be obtained.

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$2.75 MOUNTAIN COAT

A RELIABLE $5.00 WATERPROOF MACKINTOSH for $2.75
SEND NO MONEY, cut this ad. out and send to us, state your height and weight, state number of inches around body at breast, taken over vest under coat, close to body, arms, and we will send you this warm overcoat by express C.O.D., subject to examination. Examine and if at once your nearest express office, and if found exactly as represented and the most wonderful value you ever saw or heard of, and equal to any coat you can buy for $5.00, pay the express agent OUR SPECIAL OFFER PRICE, $2.75, and express charges.
THIS MACKINTOSH is latest 1900 style, easy fitting, made from heavy waterproof tan color, genuine Paris Cotton Cloth, full length, double breasted, Super velvet collar, fancy plaid lining, waterproof sewed seams. Suitable for both Rain or Overcoat, and guaranteed GREATEST VALUE ever offered by $3.00 or any other house. For Free Cloth Sample of Alan's Mackintoshes up to $6.00, and Made-to-Measure Suits and Overcoats at from $10.00 to $20.00, write for FREE SAMPLE BOOK No. 803. Address
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Wood's Bronchial Lozenges,
Compound of Cubebs, Tolu, Licorice, Wild Cherry and Hoarhound.
GIVES INSTANT RELIEF IN COUGHS, COLDS AND HOARSENESS.
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Prescription Druggists,
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THE USE OF PURE DRUGS AND THE ACCURATE DISPENSING OF PRESCRIPTIONS, WITH MODERATE PRICES CHARGED BY US, GO A LONG WAY TOWARD SOLVING THE SECRET OF OUR SUCCESS IN BUSINESS.

Wright's Tolu, Tar and Wild Cherry.
A sure and speedy cure for Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis and all diseases of throat and lungs.
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Gentle horses for ladies and children, to hire at all hours.
Horses bought and sold on commission, and boarded by the week or month.
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BULBS FOR WINTER
Planting, consisting of Hyacinths, Tulips, Crocus, Narcissus, Freesia, Jonquils, Chinese Sacred Lily and Lily of the Valley Pips.
Sheep Manure and Jadoo Fibre to make your plants grow. Also Potting Soil; the very best, always on hand. Flower pots (all sizes). I have just received a new invoice of very fancy Jardinieres; also Palms of all kinds, Rubber Plants, Boston Sword Ferns, Maiden Hair Ferns and Begonias.
Hardware, Tinware, Wooden ware and all kinds of Bird Cages in brass and Japanned, at
H. L. DeBLOIS'S,
80 BROADWAY.

WATER.
Persons desirous of having water introduced into residences or places of business should make application at the office of the Newport Water Works, 5 West Marlborough street. Office hours from 8 A. M. to 2 P. M.

THE TRADES.

Removal!
LINCOLN HAMMETT & CO.
HAVE REMOVED THEIR PLACE OF BUSINESS FROM 71 MILL ST. TO
32 MILL STREET.
Bells of all kinds put in and repaired.

MICHAEL KIRBY,
Contractor and Builder,
Corner Homer and Garfield Streets.
ALL WORK DONE IS FIRST-CLASS AND PLEASES PATRONS.
GIVE ME A TRIAL ON A HOUSE, STABLE OR ANYTHING.
SATISFACTION GUARANTEED.

Property Owners NOTICE!
Leaking roofs repaired and coated with asphalt and rubber roof coating and guaranteed for 5 years. Estimates cheerfully given on all kinds of roofing.
Orders received at 26 Bellevue avenue or Prison street.
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Copper, Tin, Sheet Iron and Furnace Work. Tin Roofing and General Jobbing promptly attended to.
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Work done at reasonable rates. Tin roofing and general jobbing.
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Cottage Architects and Builders.
Plans for interior and exterior alterations.
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PRINCIPAL OFFICE, 30 Bellevue Ave.
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DOUBLE RATES FOR SUNDAY CALLS.

IN BOOK LAND.

WHEN one remembers the sacred aura which to Emerson surrounded a friend, the reverence for that rarest of relationships which he felt, and the supreme truth and charm of his words touching it, one wonders how many men in a generation were accounted worthy to be greeted so by Ralph Waldo Emerson. "When a man becomes dear to me I have touched the goal of fortune." "Happy is the house that shelters a friend! It might well be built, like a festal bower or arch, to entertain him a single day."

One remembers the compact felicities of Emerson's essays, and recalls that in the one on "Friendship" he says: "The scholar sits down to write, and all his years of meditation do not furnish him with one good thought or happy expression; but it is necessary to write a letter to a friend—and, forthwith, troops of gentle thoughts invest themselves on every hand with chosen words." In the letters, then, of such an essayist what shall we not expect of sincerity and grace?

There are such letters, we know; and just lately we are favored by the publication of others, this time to a friend who remains unnamed. But they are as Emersonian as more famous ones. Emerson had no kinship with the niggardly, and gave himself generously to his chosen. So this little volume owns the grace of direct expression, of crystal thought and fancy, and is saturated with the personality of the most wholly individual American. It is called simply "Letters of Emerson to a Friend."

(Houghton, Mifflin & Co.)

* * *

Occasionally some courageous one, divining the innate sentiment of a generation so carefully encrusted with practicality, weaves a fabric having sentiment for its web. Such a labor is that which must indeed have made toil happy, undertaken that the magic of the "Stones of Paris" may become more enduring.

No city in the world save Jerusalem or Rome can suggest to the imaginative hero worshipper such splendors, such witchery, as Paris. But one demurs at engaging an incompetent or assertive guide. Could one find just the comrade to loiter with him over these stones, a being of intuition as well as knowledge and of vivacity unlinked with garrulity, the man of feeling who is yet not effusive, what delights could make one wealthy!

The great sensuous, idealized city appeals so utterly to men so diversified: its history and letters are both full of the human passion which makes the veriest clod vital. It is the city of man, as Jerusalem was the city of God; instinct, throbbing with red blood. The two volumes by Benjamin Ellis Martin and Charlotte M. Martin incarnate for the reader the Paris of his heroes. Crisp, sententious and ardent, the pages are pages of an old enchantment renewed. Their perusal will weave a spell most welcome to those bored by commonplace books of travel or biography.

(Chas. Scribner's Sons.)

* * *

"From Fair Florence to the Eternal City of Rome" is another journey o'er which the spirit delights to go, though so multiplied have been the books written by travelers that one suspects boredom in every one. As with other jaunts, it all depends on the voyagers. When Joseph and Elizabeth Robins Pennell mount their wheels their wanderings provide pleasure for stay-at-homes. Their readers will but strengthen the intimacy with which these two people are accompanied all over the Continent as they tour, in reading their latest book, which the title sufficiently advertises to the discerning. "Two Pilgrims' Progress from Fair Florence to the Eternal City of Rome" is enriched with the seeing vision and the happy art of relating.

(Little, Brown & Co.)

* * *

"Averages" is the somewhat deprecatory title of the new book by the author of "Stone Pastures," Eleanor Stuart. It is heralded as a very clever story, acute in observation and brilliant. The heroine is a woman whose dominating idea is to be mistress of every situation; and she inevitably becomes so, though with unruffled exterior and unsuspicious friends. She (the heroine) has written under a pseudonym a book which is the successful literary morality of the year, and as author is given the opportunity, surely diverting if dangerous, of proffering advice to her daily dearest friend. There is the material for cross purposes and much amusing adventure.

(D. Appleton & Co.)

* * *

"The Bronze Buddha" is by no means the usual object of art so known. It has qualities ineffable, almost miraculous, and becomes the focus of many lives apparently alien to Oriental mysticism. Cora Linn Daniels has made a delightful book, containing much good character work and an idyllic love story. The pursuit of the lost god is a theme enhanced by strange happenings. "The Bronze Buddha" is a novel quite out of the ordinary. Though the title sounds as if the story were Indian, it is of present-century New Yorkers, of social position unexcelled.

(Little, Brown & Co.)

* * *

"Predicaments" is a title full of suggestion, and most of the situations within the covers are aptly so described. Louis Evan Shipman is the author of the brilliant "D'Arcy of the Guards," now dramatized. The victims of "Predicaments" are the smartest of the New York "smart set," fitly deserving the pencil of Charles Dana Gibson, who with T. K. Hanna, Jr., illustrates the pretty and clever work.

(Life Publishing Company.)

* * *

It is seldom that a situation of such delicacy is so exquisitely handled as is the snow-bound dwelling together for a winter of an unrelated man and woman. "A Man His Mark," by W. C. Morrow, is a very telling bit of literature. The hut recessed in the mountains of California during those months of imprisonment becomes a stage whereon nature must play with all fortitude, restraint and courage. It is emphatically a story of distinction, as one would expect from the spirited work in "The Ape, the Idiot and Other People," Mr. Morrow's former book.

(J. B. Lippincott & Co.)

* * *

Another new publication from the same press has the unique figure of a Confederate colonel, over whose house, Fort Defiance, float the stars and bars, which is manned as a garrison, unsurrendered and still rebellious. The surprising excitements of an artist wandering in the Kentucky mountains, who is captured by this out-dated soldier, are well told by Joseph A. Altsheler, who in "The Last Rebel" has for the time forsaken the purely historical fiction with which his name is linked.

(J. B. Lippincott & Co.)

* * *

"In Chimney Corner" is where folk tales generally enthrall their listeners, and that is the title of the tales of Irish folk lore this year gathered together by Semus MacManus, who saw visions "Through Turf Smoke" last year. He is one of the most worthily reputed delineators of Irish peasant life and hearts. The new volume is illustrated in color by Pamela Colman Smith, whose decorative and imaginative work but adds another to the surprising list of triumphs which marked her artistic progress.

(Doubleday & McClure Company.

Try Grain-O! Try Grain-O!

Ask your Grocer today to show you a package of GRAIN-O; the new food drink that takes the place of coffee. The children may drink it without injury as well as the adult. All who try it, like it. GRAIN-O has that rich seal brown of Mocha or Java, but it is made from pure grains, and the most delicate stomach receives it without distress. ¼ the price of coffee. 15c. and 25c. per package. Sold by all grocers.

NAVAL NOTES.

Captain E. White is ordered to Mare Island for examination for retirement and to wait orders.

Lieutenant Commander W. D. Rose is detached from the Indiana and ordered to the navy yard at Washington for ordnance instruction.

Lieutenant R. C. Moody is detached from the Resolute and assigned to the Massachusetts for line duties.

Lieutenant F. J. Schell is detached from the Naval Academy and ordered to the Scindia for line duty on the Asiatic station.

Ensign A. W. Pressey is detached from the Resolute when out of commission and assigned to duty in charge of draft of men to Mare Island for the Scindia, then to the Scindia for duty on the Asiatic station.

Lieutenant W. A. Moffet is ordered to the Monongahela on expiration of sick leave.

Philip W. Delano is appointed an assistant paymaster.

Boatswain M. Wogan is promoted to chief boatswain, and A. Anderson and T. Sullivan are appointed boatswains.

V. H. Johnson is appointed a gunner.

Lieutenant M. E. Trench is detached from the Resolute and ordered to line duty on the Machias.

Lieutenant C. B. Brittain is ordered to the Scindia and on arrival of that vessel at Guam will go to the Yosemite.

Lieutenant M. Blessington's application for line duties is withdrawn. He is detached from the New York and detailed to duties in connection with fitting out of the Kentucky.

Monitor Amphitrite has arrived at Norfolk from New York for coal. It is said that she will proceed to Annapolis to take on a class of cadets for practice with the big guns.

The new practice ship Chesapeake has been given her final dock tests and will at once be floated out and made fast alongside, where her outfitting will be rushed for her 48-hour sea trial, beginning December 18.

Gunboat Machias, Commander L. C. Logan commanding, has left the Boston navy yard for San Domingo, where, as a vessel attached to the North Atlantic squadron, she will resume her patrol work. The ship has not been out of commission, although she has been at the yard for several weeks undergoing repairs. With engines overhauled and hull and top works newly painted, she is again in first-class condition for service.

The Brooklyn sailed Saturday from Colombo, Island of Ceylon, for Manila, her next stop being at Singapore, 1,270 miles distant. From that point she will have to travel 1,386 miles to complete her journey. She will require at least 10 days to make the trip. The New Orleans left Colombo yesterday, also for Singapore, one day behind the Brooklyn. The Marietta, also bound for Manila, sailed Saturday from Aden for Pointe de Galle, Island of Ceylon.

Torpedo boat destroyer Bailey was launched from the yard of Charles L. Seabury & Co., at Morris Heights, on the Harlem river, Tuesday. Miss Florence B. Bailey, grand-daughter of the late Rear Admiral Bailey, acted as sponsor. The Bailey is one of the three torpedo boat destroyers for which provision was made by the last Congress. She was designed by the builders. She must do 30 miles an hour to be accepted by the government, but the builders are confident she will develop a speed of 33 knots. A feature of the Bailey will be her powerful armament for a boat of her size. It will embrace four 6-pounder rapid-fire guns, and three torpedo discharge tubes. Her engines are of 5,600 horse power, and she is 205 feet long and 19 feet beam.

CAN WHITE MEN LIVE IN THE TROPICS?

Benjamin Kidd, who is well known for his writings on social subjects in the tropics, has recently published a series of articles which attempt to show that it is impossible for white men to become acclimatized in the tropics. He goes on to say that all the attempts to reverse by any effort within human range the long, slow process of evolution which has produced such a profound dividing line between the inhabitants of the tropics and those of temperate regions will end in failure. Dr. Sanborn, on the other hand, has shown that the causes of disease, deterioration and death in the tropics are due to pathogenic germs which have their limited and peculiar geographic areas, and differ greatly in the various tropical regions. Of course, if heat were the difficulty in the way, acclimatization would be altogether hopeless. There appears to be good reason, however, to believe that the real difficulty is the microbe; and if so, we may hope to fight against it in the tropics as successfully as has already been done in the temperate zones by sanitation and the gradual acquisition of immunity. The Medical News quotes Dr. Manson, who has written a book on this subject, and Dr. Rho of the Italian navy, who also believes in the possibility of tropical acclimatization. The death rate of European troops in the tropics, which used to be from 100 to 129 per thousand, is now as low as 12 per thousand in India. The death rate of Spaniards in Cuba is less than in Spain.

When one small boy halloos any other boy answers him, no matter whether he knows him or not.—[Chicago Record.

A HILL PRAYER.

The opening stanzas of a poem, by Marian Warner Wildman, that won the first prize in the Century college competition this year. As published in the magazine, it is embellished with decorative designs by Maxfield Parrish.

Here, where the light falls shimmering
 on the grass,
 Whose long green blades are bending
 to the breeze;
 Here, with the flowers and butterflies
 and bees;
Here, with the fair, slow-drifting clouds
 that pass
 And change the wavering light to
 wavering shade;

Here, where my ancient oak-trees, rising, yield
 Their organ musings to the strong,
 soft wind—
 Here, O thou Soul, my soul has tried
 to find
In man-made temples, in the open field,
 Down the hushed forest's leafy colonnade;

Thou for whose footprints I have
 searched the shore
 That lies along the ever-calling sea;
 O Thou to whom I prayed that I might
 see
But once Thy truth's Truth, know what
 I adore—

Here, with Thy creatures, flower and
 leaf and bird,
 That share with me this holy hillside
 peace,
 Grant me from my long questioning
 release,
And hear my new prayer—leave the rest
 unheard.

DON'T TAKE IT TO HEART.

Don't take it to heart, little friend,
 When the world seems to use you unfair;
Just believe that the worst soon must
 mend—
That the dreariest road has an end:
 And that some day a full, measured
 share
Shall be given to you as your part,
So don't take it too much to heart.

Don't cry when endeavor proves vain
 To work out some sweet, kindly deed;
You may feel all the hurt and the pain
For the loss that was yours, but the gain
 Was the trying to do, and the meed
God will give unto you by and by;
So take heart of His love, and don't cry.

Don't take it to heart if your best
 Is reckoned of not as much worth:
A failure is gain oft confessed,
And God sees it, blessing and blest,
 As a gracious, sweet gift to the earth;
Why seek for the world's empty smile—
God will make it all right in a while.

Don't cry when you see your years speed
 As a cloud-shadow under the sun,
And you stand as a wind-broken reed,
Weary, waiting, helpless, in need,
 And the sands of your glass nearly run:
God will call you up home by and by—
Be patient, dear heart, and don't cry.

Take nothing to heart but the thought
 That God knows us, and just as we are;
That he misses no sheaf we have
 brought,
That he knows all we have yearned for
 and sought,
 That He judges all kindly and fair;
Don't fret, then, dear heart, neither cry—
God's kingdom will come by and by.
—[S. B. McManus, in the Ram's Horn.

FANCIES.

To read old letters wakes but pain,
Some bring old love to mind again,
And some—alas and lack-a-day!—
Recall the bills we've had to pay.
—[Chicago Record.

A friend in need is said to be a friend indeed, but that is no reason why one should throw overboard the friend who wants nothing.—[Galveston News.

Granger—You know it takes two to make a quarrel.

Fielding—Not when one feels like kicking himself.—[Boston Transcript.

Tourist (in Kentucky)—Does lynching prevent crime?

Colonel Corkright—Yes, sah; I have nevah known a man to commit a crime aftah he had been thoroughly lynched.—[Life.

Citizen—Terrible! Is he fatally injured?

Policeman Rafferty—Phwell, wan av his wounds is fatal; but he has a chance teh recover from the other wan.—[Philadelphia Record.

Johnny—Pa?

Pa—Yes.

Johnny—Is an Indian reservation a place where the Indians are allowed to live until the white men want it?—[Puck.

Tailor—Your dog growls so. Please quiet him.

Student—All right, but you mustn't pull out your bill—he can't stand the sight of bills.—[Meggendorfer Blatter.

"Young man," said the old gentleman, "my daughter is too young to marry. A girl of her age cannot be sure of her own mind in a matter of such importance."

"I fully realize that," replied the young man, who has just secured the fair one's consent. "That's why I don't want to wait."—[Chicago Evening Post.

The lover of 1925 whispered in the fair one's ear: "Darling, elope with me?"

"Alas! How can we go? Did not some one puncture the tire of your automobile?"

"True! But we will fly in an airship!"

"But papa will fly also."

"He has no airship? He cannot fly?"

"Yes; he will fly in a passion."—[Chicago News.

Mack O'Rell—Old chap, I always considered myself a pretty masher, but the other day I met my match.

Luke Warme—How was that?

Mack O'Rell—Why, I noticed a beautiful young woman gazing in a shop window. I went up and coughed slightly to attract her attention. Guess what happened.

Luke Warme—Can't imagine.

Mack O'Rell—Why, she tried to sell me some cough drops.—[Chicago News.

PERSONALS.

....James McConnell, editor and one of the proprietors of the Philadelphia Evening Star of that city, died suddenly yesterday at the age of 55 years. Death was due to paralysis.

....Mgr. Donato Sbarretti has been appointed Bishop of Santiago de Cuba.

....D. E. Converse, a mill owner of Spartansburg, S. C., has willed one third of his estate, valued at $500,000, to Converse College, an institution for the higher education of women founded by him at Spartansburg 10 years ago.

....Lord Rayleigh, F. R. S., professor of natural philosophy in the British Royal Institution, has been selected for the award of the Copley gold medal of the Royal Society, the highest scientific distinction in the power of the society to bestow. The medal is given in recognition of Lord Rayleigh's brilliant investigations in mathematical and physical science.

....Evangelist D. L. Moody's family physician has issued a bulletin stating that the diagnosis of Mr. Moody's case has not been changed by the conference with an expert. This diagnosis was that Mr. Moody is suffering from a weakened heart, which has caused dilation, and is due to overwork. This has resulted in considerable physical depression. The doctor says Mr. Moody is able to be dressed and walk from his bed to a chair, but he suffers at times from difficult breathing. Dr. Nichols agrees also with Dr. Wood, the family physician, that Mr. Moody will eventually recover.

....It is said at the War Department that Colonel Kellogg of the Sixth infantry and Colonel Carpenter of the Eighteenth infantry, who were yesterday nominated as brigadier generals in the regular army, will be placed on the retired list immediately. Both held the rank of brigadier general in the volunteer establishment during the Spanish war. Colonel Carpenter is now in command of his regiment in the Philippines; Colonel Kellogg started to the Philippines with his regiment, but was taken sick and was compelled to return to the United States from Honolulu. He was twice breveted for gallantry and meritorious action during the civil war.

MENU FOR FRIDAY.

Hope, deceitful as it is, serves to lead us to the end of life along an agreeable road.—[Anon.

Breakfast.

Oranges.
Eggs a la Turque. Bacon.
Potato Croquettes.
Chocolate. Stewed Prunes.

Luncheon.

Lobster Salad. Stuffed Peppers.
Sandwiches. Tea.

Dinner.

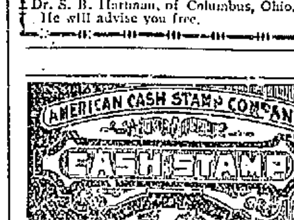
Boiled Halibut. Sauce Hollandaise.
Cauliflower. Potatoes.
Lettuce Salad.
Swiss Cheese. Biscuits.

Eggs a la Turque. Break in a dish as many eggs as are required, then cook them on the stove for two minutes. Cut six mutton kidneys into halves, broil them or stew them, according to taste, then add them to the eggs and serve with cullis sauce.

PE-RU-NA

Cures Catarrh Wherever Located.

A sure, safe, time-tried remedy that cures Catarrhal Affections of every description. Sold by all Druggists. Write its discoverer, Dr. S. B. Hartman, of Columbus, Ohio. He will advise you free.



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We make a saving for you when paying cash for your purchases! Ask for them. Two hundred and fifty are worth one dollar at any of our banks. CASH STAMP CO., BUTLER EXCHANGE, Prov.

DAVID KENNEDY, M. D.,

Of Rondout, (City of Kingston,) N. Y.,

SAYS:

"For over twenty-five years I have constantly been engaged in the active discharge of my profession as physician and surgeon. During that career I have perfected an alterative medicine, the FAVORITE REMEDY, upon the value of which I am willing to, and do stake my personal and professional reputation."

"Favorite Remedy is the greatest discovery Dr. Kennedy has ever made."

It is today a standard medicine with thirty years of cures to its credit.

ALLOW NO ONE TO DECEIVE YOU WITH THEIR CROWNING EFFORTS, LATEST ACHIEVEMENTS OR BRILLIANT FRUITS, COUNTERFEITS, IMITATIONS OR JUST AS GOOD, THEY ARE BUT EXPERIMENTS AND ENDANGER YOUR HEALTH.

"Most physicians are ready enough to give their services when a family is too poor to pay, but it occasionally happens that there is a proprietary medicine which does all or more than a physician could do.

"We know of only one such medicine—namely DR. DAVID KENNEDY'S FAVORITE REMEDY" for "such troubles as Kidney and Bladder Complaints, Rheumatism, Dyspepsia, Liver Complaint, Constipation and the sicknesses peculiar to women.

"Sufferers from these difficulties often become so discouraged as to have no heart to take any more medicine. To all such, Dr. Kennedy has only to say that if he were personally called upon to prescribe at all, he would prescribe Favorite Remedy.

"There are other proprietary medicines in the market, made by a person with the same name and initial as my own, and I have reason to believe that the two are often confounded in people's minds, and that the other articles spoken of have been substituted, either through accident or design, when the latter have been asked for, or desired. To avoid this, please ask for Dr. David Kennedy's Favorite Remedy, prepared in Rondout, N. Y., and accept nothing else in its place.

"There are two proprietors of similar names, but they are not connected or associated in business, or otherwise.

"Those who wish consultation or advice as to their own special case, can have the same entirely free of charge. Simply direct: 'DR. DAVID KENNEDY, RONDOUT, CITY OF KINGSTON, N. Y.,'" where all communications will be treated with strictest professional confidence.

"To avoid mistakes, Dr. Kennedy would beg you to remember that the name of his medicine is Favorite Remedy, that it is manufactured at Rondout, N. Y., and especially not to forget the Doctor's name **David Kennedy, M. D.**, and address **Rondout, N. Y.**; he has no other address."

COAL AND WOOD.

Pocahontas Coal

645 tons Pocahontas Coal this day discharging.
All the other best varieties of anthracite coal
—AT—
LOWEST MARKET QUOTATIONS.

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COAL!

THIS WOULD BE A SAD WORLD WITHOUT FIRE. FIRES YOU MUST HAVE, AND THEY MIGHT AS WELL BE GOOD ONES. WE HAVE THE COAL THAT MAKES THE BEST KIND OF GOOD FIRES.

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311 THAMES STREET. Telephone No. 144.

Eat Drink AND Be Merry

TAKE

BELLEVUE HOSPITAL REMEDY.

SEMIT TABLETS

And You'll Feel All Right in the Morning

Refuse Substitutes. Get Semit

REAL ESTATE AND INSURANCE.

FOR RENT.

Unfurnished Cottage

Cor. Catherine and Fir Streets.

APPLY TO

JOHN WHIPPLE.

FOR SALE.

New House on Elliot Place,

Belonging to J. F. Maybury.

HEATED BY HOT WATER. MODERN IMPROVEMENTS. EIGHT ROOMS AND BATH. MUST BE SOLD AT ONCE AS OWNER IS ABOUT TO LEAVE CITY. A CHANCE FOR SOME ONE TO GET A HOME AT A REASONABLE PRICE. APPLY TO

DAVIS & WARD,

169 THAMES STREET.

FOR SALE!

Desirable Building Lots on Spring Street, Narragansett Avenue and Hammond Street,

IN SMALL SIZE LOTS AND AT MODERATE PRICES TO QUICK PURCHASERS.

DEBLOIS & ELDRIDGE,

BELLEVUE AVENUE, SOLE AGENTS.

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In the Daily News Building.

A desirable, well-lighted suite of two offices in the new part of the Daily News building, which have been let temporarily, are now for rent. The rent includes heat, janitor's service and city water. Apply to

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Of every description written at

Reduced Rates

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A. S. SHERMAN,

MERCHANTS BANK

INSTRUCTION.

Learn Shorthand

At the NEWPORT BUSINESS COLLEGE. Facilities unsurpassed. Students are making splendid records. Opportunities for shorthand writers were never so good as now. Students received by month or year. Apply for terms.

A. M. STEED,

4 Washington Square.

MISS OPITZ,

Of Dresden and New York, offers her services as

Instructress in Piano and German!

Pupils taught Piano in the German language if desired. Children's classes formed. Address 31 Clarke street. Refers to former patrons in Newport and New York.

Alfred G. Langley, A. M.,

PRIVATE TUTOR.

Piano Instruction and Accompanying.

School Street. Call from 1:30 to 3 P. M.

HAY, GRAIN, MEAL, ETC.

The Chas. E. Spooner Co.

Wish to call attention to the superior quality of their Meal and Cracked Corn. Also Corn, Bran, Midds, Quaker Oat Feed and Poultry Supplies.

N. B.—We are sole agents for Derry's Harness Oil.

Hay, Grain and Straw, Salt, etc.

D. Shanahan Commercial Wharf.

BOOTS AND SHOES.

Useful Christmas Gifts.

BOOTS, SHOES,
RUBBERS,
SLIPPERS.

FULL STOCK AT

The T. Mumford Seabury Co's

The Old Reliable Shoe Store,

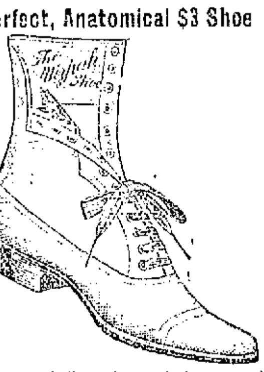
186 THAMES STREET,

Is still here, doing business on the good old principle of 100c. worth for a dollar in Medium footwear for Men, Women and Children, and doing the most up-to-date Renovating and Repairing in the city.

M. S. HOLM.

Agency for White Star, Anchor and Dominion Lines, Atlantic Steamship Co.'s Tickets and Drafts for sale.

A Perfect, Anatomical $3 Shoe



For women. Built to insure absolute comfort, with maximum style.

NORMAN,

160 THAMES STREET.

Newport Agent.

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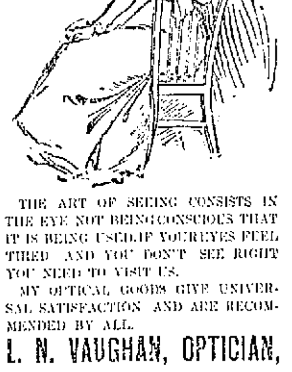

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MY OPTICAL GOODS GIVE UNIVERSAL SATISFACTION AND ARE RECOMMENDED BY ALL.

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88 BROADWAY, NEWPORT.

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and Weekly News

Get each week and that is the way they keep thoroughly informed of what is taking place in Newport. There is no other way for a person in another city interested in Newport to keep in touch with the affairs of the town.

The JOURNAL also contains all the general news of the week which any one will care to know.

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T. T. PITMAN,
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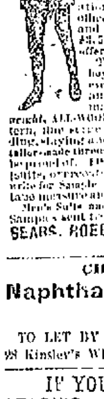

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3,000 CELEBRATED "KANTWEAROUT" double seat and double knee. Regular $3.50 Boys' 2-Piece Knee Pant Suits going at $1.95. A NEW SUIT FREE for any of these suits which don't give satisfactory wear. Send No Money. Cut this Ad. out and send to us, state age of boy and say whether large or small for age, and we will send you the suit by express, C.O.D., subject to examination. You can examine it at your express office and if found perfectly satisfactory and equal to suits sold in your town for $3.50, pay your express agent our special offer price, $1.95 and express charges. THESE KNEE-PANT SUITS are for boys from 4 to 15 years of age, and are retailed everywhere at $3.50. Made with double seat and knees, latest 1900 style as illustrated, made from a special wear-resisting, heavyweight, ALL-WOOL Oakwell cassimere, neat, handsome pattern, fine serge lining, Clayton patent interlining, padding, staying and reinforcing, silk and linen sewing, fine tailor-made throughout, a suit any boy or parent would be proud of. FOR FREE CLOTH SAMPLES of Boys' Clothing (suits, overcoats or ulsters), for boys 4 TO 19 YEARS, write for Sample Book No. 90C, contains fashion plates, tape measure and full instructions how to order. Men's Suits and Overcoats made to order from $5.00 up. Samples sent free on application. Address, SEARS, ROEBUCK & CO. (Inc.), Chicago, Ill.

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28 Kinsley's Wharf. Telephone.

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NEWPORT DAILY NEWS AND THE NEWPORT JOURNAL.

T. P. PITMAN, PROPRIETOR.

Office, 207 Thames Street.

News, $6.00 a year. Journal, $2.00.

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Business Office, down stairs, 17-2.
Editorial and Reportorial Rooms, up stairs, 17-3.
Publisher's Residence, 24 High Street, 322-4.

The Newport Journal contains the best matter in the Daily News each week, and will be sent anywhere in the United States, postage paid, for $2 a year in advance. Requests for change of address should give old address as well as the new.

ADVERTISING RATES.

Advertisements, without special position, $1 a square for the first insertion and 25 cents for each continuance. Ten lines, or less, nonpareil type (or five-sixths of an inch) make a square. Advertisements of five lines or less are taken at about one-half these rates. A discount is allowed on all advertisements ordered in the Daily for more than one week, or when both papers are used.

Yearly or Term Advertisers are limited to their immediate business, are guaranteed but five insertions in a week, and are allowed twenty-five changes a year. Electrotypes will be used without extra charge if solid metal; "wood blocks" cannot be used with safety to the press.

Advertisers using both the daily and weekly papers gain the advantage of distinct classes of readers, no person reading both the daily and weekly. The Journal goes among people who read no other local paper.

PRINTING.

The News has six steam presses and has a large and well-appointed job office.

Newport Daily News

THURSDAY, DECEMBER 7, 1899.

THE CRUSADE AGAINST NOISE.

There is just now, as there has always been in civilized society, a crusade against unnecessary noises in cities. For instance, the Christian Register takes occasion to say: "In order to notify a certain number of its employes that it is 6 or 7 o'clock in the morning, no manufacturing company has a right to startle and irritate 100,000 people by making harsh sounds with a whistle, gong, siren, or other diabolical device run by steam."

To this the New Bedford Standard, doubtless having had experience with the diabolical noises objected to in cities, responds as follows: "This is solemnly, profoundly, thoroughly, indisputably true. And if there are any more adjectives which can be applied the reader is invited to supply them for himself. The whistle on a factory is a relic of barbarism, and an impertinence to the dwellers in the region which is reached by its sound. Its survival, in cities especially, is due to the lingering remnant of the superstition that noise is a symbol of useful activity. Practically, it is of no value whatever. Workmen can find their way to the shop and into it as well without a whistle as with it. They manage to be on time at a theatre and at a railroad train without the reminder of a screech. And as for the whistle as a signal for starting and stopping work, other means can be devised which do not involve the discomforts of outsiders. In fact, outsiders are not concerned at all, and it is needless to tell them about it."

While the fact is recognized that it may be desirable on the part of certain members of society that they should be summoned to their employment by public signals, this even is not considered a sufficient reason for the ear-splitting and discordant noises that are often heard. The conditions of life in a city where invalidism is sure to be present, and where all the quiet possible is essential to the preservation of health, make it necessary for good citizens to control the noises to the best advantage. Moreover in all cities and towns there are many people whose occupations require them to sleep more or less in the day-time, and it is incumbent upon society to regard these as much as the operatives that are aroused by the unnecessary whistling. "Plain, ordinary, every day courtesy based on the commonest sense of common sense demands the abolition of factory whistles in all cities."

It surely cannot be that the people of Newport are lastly aroused from their slumbers by the whistling of vessels that perhaps disturb 1,000 or 10,000 people, for the sake of calling a single one in the middle of the night. We submit that it is wise and better to dispense with a warning of this character than for the whole city to be disturbed. And certainly no good whatever is served by the ringing of church bells at any season or hour, especially when no church service is held in connection therewith. Philadelphia objects to the continuance of church bell ringing, even when there is a service to follow, and Chicago has recently decided to prohibit the sound of the fish horn in certain sections.

Says the Chicago News: "Some of these noises are necessary and, however annoying, must be endured, like other unavoidable afflictions. Many, however, are unnecessary and serve no recognized purpose other than wrecking the nervous systems of people who, unfortunately, cannot escape them. It is against this class of cases that a vigorous campaign has been begun."

BLOODY BATTLES.

If it be true that General Methuen, in his dispatches concerning the Modder river battle, estimated that it was the "bloodiest battle of the century," the brave Englishman must have lost his head. Whether the report is true or not, several newspapers and statisticians have been led to inquire what was really the most "gory battle" of the nineteenth century. This is an unwelcome theme, and not to our liking, but we give the following account of the killed and wounded at the world's great battles during the period named, basing our estimates on the figures of the New York Sun.

At the battle at Leipsic between France and the allies in 1813, 80,000 men perished on the field in three days' fighting. At Waterloo, two years later, the total loss was 35,782. At Plevna, in the Turkish campaign, about 16,000 men were killed on both sides. In the battle of Weissenburg-Worth of the Franco-Prussian war the combined losses were 17,911. At Vionville Mars la Tour, in the same war, nearly 32,000 men were lost on both sides.

Coming to more recent history, and our own country, we find that the civil war battle of Stone's river mowed down 23,249 men. The total losses of Fredericksburg were 17,000. In the two days' battle of Shiloh 3,577 men were actually killed. Chickamauga's two days' slaughter left 3,968 dead. And Gettysburg, lasting three days, showed a total of 5,002 dead and 27,257 wounded.

There is but one encouraging reflection from comparing the results of these battles with those of the present wars, which is that, notwithstanding the use of improved man-killers in the shape of machine guns, magazine rifles and automatically exploding shells loaded with thorite and lyddite, the present carnage is small compared with that of former wars. General Methuen must be wrong; the evolution of war is not toward increased bloodshed, but in the other direction.

ARMY VERSUS NAVY.

The strained relations between the army and navy, and between different branches of each service, extend to the wives of the officers, naturally, and make life in Washington somewhat spicy in these days. A recent visitor there tells amusing tales of the pits she tumbled into before she learned to hold her tongue on all questions that might lead in the most remote way to a discussion of the merits of our various officers of land and sea during the attacks on Cuban ports. But the wives of some of the officers are not dining at reticence on the subject of rewards and lack of rewards for services rendered. It is told of the wife of a prominent general, that finding herself recently in a circle entirely composed of members of the navy and their adherents, she took advantage of the chance to wave the army flag—metaphorically expressing it—and to say who really captured Santiago, and who wrongly got the credit of that deed. She stood in a doorway, cutting off all chance of retreat, and, according to a deeply interested listener, each time one of her emphatic white hands rose and fell, which was often, off was lopped a navy or an administrative head, to the mingled indignation and amusement of the friends of the victims.

THE LATEST LYNCHING.

The latest lynching affair, which occurred at Marysville, Ky., was one of the most horrible of the kindred acts of that class which is a disgrace to us, and in fact would be a disgrace to any people, civilized or savage. It rivals in gruesome detail the most fiendish conceptions of the savage instincts in man, and shows to what end the human passions reach if not controlled. We are not complaining that the negro was punished, for he confessed himself as deserving punishment, but object to this being inflicted by a mob instead of the organized courts of justice. It is not likely that as a warning it will be more effective than punishment administered under ordinary circumstances, but whether it be or not it proves one thing, that the savage instinct in mankind gained for the time being the uppermost place.

It looks as if Aguinaldo and his insurrection were put down, and Johnny would be free to come marching home by transport soon, if he is not called upon on the way to stop and give the sultan and the kaiser a touch of Americanism that would establish the status of our citizens and importations in the respective countries of these rulers. But in case this comes to pass, and after taking Turkey and Germany, let Johnny remember Dewey and the first of May, and sail away satisfied without adding any elephants to the stock already on hand.

General Young has at last reported his whereabouts. It seems a little odd that General Otis should have announced not having heard anything from him and his army for more than a week. If this were in common warfare it would be taken for evidence of trouble, but it is different in this case. There is no means of communication between Otis and Young except by couriers, and for reasons easily apparent it may be unsafe to use them freely.

The present year promises to be a record-breaker for fire losses in the United States and Canada. During November there was an increase of more than $1,500,000 over the same month last year and an increase of more than $16,500,000 on the year's business to the corresponding date in 1898. If the ratio of increase is continued through the present month, 1899 will be the most disastrous year ever experienced by the fire insurance companies.

Ladysmith at last accounts is neither relieved or fallen, and the dreary and wearing waiting still keeps the English mind severely strained. There are reports, however, that the sense of failure is strong on the Boers' part, and that the knowledge of the inevitable is probably coming to them in time to save great additional bloodshed. This would be cheering news to end the century with.

Paderewski the great has returned to this country, but so changed in personal appearance that one can scarcely recognize him, except for the wonderful crop of hair which has long distinguished him. According to his secretary the great pianist has gained 50 pounds in weight, and it is presumed that his playing will be more forceful than ever.

General Wood's advancement to major general of volunteers makes him the second ranking officer in Cuba. General Brooke, who is a major general in the regular army, alone outranking him. The promotion is undoubtedly made in anticipation of more important duties to be given General Wood in Cuba.

A combination has been effected of a number of the more prominent automobile construction companies in one big organization controlled by Hon. William C. Whitney of the Whitney-Elkins Widener syndicate.

Some time since the Daily News called Haverhill the socialistic city, and the Haverhill Gazette in consequence remarked that there was nothing like going out of town for news, but the shoe city seems to be wedded to its idols, and has re-elected Mayor Chase. Brockton, too, has taken a socialistic mayor, and by a good plurality.

The pressure upon the advertising columns of the Daily News will be considerably increased as the holidays approach. Advertisers will serve their own interests as well as the convenience of the paper by handing in their announcements as early in the day as possible.

The controversy between Messrs. Murphy and Collins over the Boston mayoralty question is amusing, at this distance. It may have an important bearing on the vote next Tuesday.

A foot of snow is pretty good for a beginning of winter. That's what they have in northern New York.

CAUSES OF ILL WILL BETWEEN DUTCH AND ENGLISH.

I pass to a question which is at the bottom of a great deal of the ill feeling between the Dutch and the English—the abolition of slavery. The emancipation act came into force in Cape Colony December 1, 1834, the number of slaves in the colony at that time being about 40,000, mostly in the hands of the Dutch. The value of these slaves was £3,000,000 sterling; but the imperial government awarded only £1,250,000 as compensation. In this respect the Dutch slaveholders were no worse off than the West Indian slaveholders, but they undoubtedly had a grievance in the fact that the compensation was made payable in London.

George McCall Theal, the historian of South Africa, says that the abolition of slavery had little to do with the Great Trek; but in his opinion he stands alone amongst writers on South African history. It is difficult, indeed, to reconcile his view with the terms in which he describes the effect of abolition on the minds of the Dutch. He says: "It is not easy to bring home to the mind the widespread misery that was occasioned by the confiscation of two millions' worth of property in a small and poor community like that of the Cape in 1835. There were to be seen families reduced from affluence to want, widows and orphans made destitute, poverty and anxiety brought into hundreds of homes." Pieter Retief stated in his manifesto that the abolition of slavery was one of the reasons why his band was leaving the Colony. Another powerful cause of discontent was the attitude of the colonial office in regard to the Kaffir war of 1834-35. December 21, 1834, 12,000 armed Kaffirs raided the Colony, and it was only after severe fighting that the Dutch farmers succeeded in driving them back over the Kei river. Sir Benjamin D'Urban, governor of the Colony, extended the boundary of the Colony to the Kei river, in the hope that the strong natural barrier which it afforded would keep the two races from further conflict. Unfortunately, Lord Glenelg, secretary of state for the colonial and war departments, entirely misunderstanding the situation, ordered the restoration of the territory to the Kaffirs. This action, which finds a parallel in more recent South African history, had the most far reaching results. It disheartened the Boers who had shed their blood in upholding what they believed to be the honor of England, and at the same time encouraged the Kaffirs to further outrages.—[Alleyne Ireland, in December Atlantic.

THE MAGAZINES.

The eleventh annual book number of the Outlook is the December magazine number. The Outlook was, it is believed, the first publication to issue a special number not far from the holiday season giving a careful survey of the literature of the season and of the months immediately preceding. This year it carries out that general purpose by printing a group of special illustrated articles. Of these, that called "In the Field of Fiction" is editorial in character, has portraits of many recently prominent novelists, and talks in a familiar way about 15 recent works of fiction of the highest class; the article called "Biography and History" is written by Alfred Hodder, a journalist, book critic and reviewer of marked ability; the third, "Books and Art," by James McArthur (until lately assistant editor of "The Reckman,") deals with the important art books and illustrated books of the past few months. Besides these, a readable and suitable feature is that by Ernest D. North, called "A Group of Young Illustrators," which tells of the advance in book and magazine illustration of the past few years, and describes the personality and achievements of six or eight of the young men and women who have been doing notable work in this direction lately. Other illustrated articles, having relation also to literature, are Hamilton W. Mabie's "Weimar and Goethe," suggested by the recent celebration of the one hundred and fiftieth anniversary of Goethe's birth, illustrated by photographs of places in Weimar closely connected with the Goethe memories; an unsigned paper called "Reminiscences of Thoreau," by one who was an intimate personal friend of the Thoreau family and spent much time at the Thoreau home during the life of Henry Thoreau, and "A Visit to Maurus Jokai," by E. A. Steiner, with photographs furnished by Jokai himself for this article. Besides the articles relating to books and literature, which give this magazine number its special character, there are to be found a short story, a short sermon, an illustrated article called "A Duke, a Castle, and an English County" describing the conditions of life on the estate of the Duke of Northumberland at Alnwick, and the usual paragraphic History of the Week, editorials and other departments.

Illustrating the wild flowers of the whole United States, the December issue of Meehan's Monthly gives the central portion of the territory the point of honor, by a Prang chrome of the Hairy Oxytaph, a close relative of the well known "Four O'clock," or Marvel of Peru. The picture is from a Colorado specimen. The popular Natural History department tells that insects can detect favorite odors miles away that are not discernible by human sentities. The relations between insects and flowers are intelligently discussed. The General Gardening department discusses the relation of art to the natural system of laying out grounds, and is illustrated by designs explaining the points. Trees and rainfall is discussed, inclining to the view that water held in forest lands is held for the use of vegetation rather than to feed the springs. It is held that springs are fed from mountain tops, where vegetation is sparse. Fruit and vegetable growing under glass, intelligently pursued, is held to be generally more profitable than open-air culture—and ashes better for lawns than stable manure in being free from weeds. In the literary column a correspondent presents maize, or the Indian corn, as a fit subject for a national flower, and gives good reasons why corn should be considered king.

For Rent Unfurnished Or For Sale.

The premises 40 Everett street; a substantial, well built house. Will sell at a moderate price or will lease. Apply to

R. C. DERBY,
138 BELLEVUE AVENUE.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

WANTED—Situation by a girl to do general housework or second work. Address 19 John street.

WANTED—Situation by a colored girl as cook or chambermaid, in small family; good references. Apply at 21 Marlbow street.

WANTED—Situation by a competent person to do chamberwork and sewing, or waiting; best of references. Box 95, Daily News Office.

WANTED—Situation by woman to do general housework in small family; plain cook. Call 211 Thames street.

WANTED—By young girl, situation as competent chambermaid; good sewer, good reference. Would like to learn duties of maid. Box 93, Daily News office.

WANTED—Situation by first-class cook; experience in all branches of cooking. Call or address 11 Cannon street.

HELP WANTED.

WANTED—At once, at 11 Catherine street, one first-class cook; colored and to have good references.

WANTED—A young lady as bookkeeper; must have references. Address Box 17, Daily News Office.

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—A package containing two pieces of leather. Reward if returned to 6 Sunyside place.

LOST—In Portsmouth, Sunday night, between Benjamin C. Sherman's and Elm Farm, a black silk umbrella, silver handle, marked S. I. S. The finder will be rewarded by leaving the same at B. C. Sherman's, Portsmouth, R. I.

BANK STATEMENTS.

NO. 1367.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE

NATIONAL EXCHANGE BANK,

At Newport, in the State of Rhode Island, at the close of business, Dec. 2, 1899.

RESOURCES.	DOLLARS.
Loans and discounts	330,839 00
Overdrafts, secured and unsecured	352 04
U. S. Bonds to secure circulation	100,000 00
U. S. Bonds on hand	40,000 00
Premiums on U. S. Bonds	10,600 00
Stocks, securities, etc	104,496 59
Banking-house, furniture, and fixtures	10,500 00
Due from approved reserve agents	10,866 65
Checks and other cash items	1,929 65
Exchanges for clearing-house	3,073 30
Notes of other National Banks	185 00
Fraction paper currency, nickels and cents	525 31
LAWFUL MONEY RESERVE IN BANK, VIZ:	
Specie 20,016 60	
Legal-tender notes 13,740 00	33,756 60
Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer (5 per cent of circulation)	4,500 00
Due from U. S. Treasurer, other than 5 per cent redemption fund	1,210 00
Total	670,874 13

LIABILITIES.	DOLLARS.
Capital stock paid in	100,000 00
Surplus fund	40,000 00
Undivided profits, less expenses and taxes paid	21,248 45
National Bank notes outstanding	89,000 00
Individual deposits subject to check	396,850 35
Demand certificates of deposit	1,895 68
Bills payable	20,000 00
Liabilities other than those above stated	879 65
Total	670,874 13

State of Rhode Island, County of Newport, ss: I, Geo. H. Proud, Cashier of the above-named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

GEO. H. PROUD, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 7th day of Dec., 1899.

PACKER BRAMAN, Notary Public.

CORRECT—ATTEST: Edward A. Brown, Edward S. Peckham, Gardner B. Reynolds, Directors.

NO. 1416.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE

AQUIDNECK NATIONAL BANK,

At Newport, in the State of Rhode Island, at the close of business, December 2, 1899.

RESOURCES.	DOLLARS.
Loans and discounts	228,221 55
Overdrafts, secured and unsecured	108 96
U. S. Bonds to secure circulation	175,000 00
U. S. Bonds on hand	35,000 00
Premiums on U. S. Bonds	23,350 00
Stocks, securities, etc	101,750 00
Banking-house, furniture, and fixtures	11,000 00
Other real estate and mortgages owned	3,505 00
Revenue Stamps	200 00
Due from State Banks and Bankers	13,162 16
Due from approved reserve agents	61,524 02
Checks and other cash items	62 10
Exchanges for clearing	1,526 73
Notes of other National Banks	300 00
Fractional paper currency, nickels, and cents	102 91
LAWFUL MONEY RESERVE IN BANK, VIZ:	
Specie 26,784 16	
Legal-tender notes 15,934 00	41,718 00
Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer (5 per cent of circulation)	7,875 00
Due from U. S. Treasurer, other than 5 per cent redemption fund	2,000 00
Total	816,405 40

LIABILITIES.	DOLLARS.
Capital stock paid in	200,000 00
Surplus fund	20,400 00
Undivided profits, less expenses and taxes paid	10,715 44
National Bank notes outstanding	155,730 00
Due to other National Banks	16,625 71
Due to State Banks and Bankers	3,544 11
Dividends unpaid	18 75
Individual deposits subject to check	388,376 20
Certified checks	2,173 34
Cashier's checks outstanding	9,111 82
Total	816,405 40

State of Rhode Island, County of Newport, ss: I, Chas. T. Hopkins, Cashier of the above-named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

CHAS. T. HOPKINS, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 6th day of December, 1899.

MCGREE C. O'NEILL, Notary Public.

CORRECT—ATTEST: Wm. P. Clarke, Peter King, Lewis L. Simmons, Directors.

SUPREME COURT.
COMMON PLEAS DIVISION.

NEWPORT, Sc.
In the case
Richard L. Ashhurst et al
v.
The Pennsylvania Company for Insurance on Lives and Granting Annuities et al.

Action for the partition of real estate in Middletown in the County of Newport and State of Rhode Island.

Upon the motion of the plaintiffs in the above entitled action suggesting that the Pennsylvania Company for Insurance on Lives and Granting Annuities, is a corporation located in the city of Philadelphia in the State of Pennsylvania, and is trustee for some of the co-defendants, Richard L. Willing, Elizabeth K. Willing, Alice Ashhurst, Charles Willing, Lionel Willing and James K. Willing all of said Philadelphia, with Fannie Capehart and B. Ashbourn Capehart of Washington in the District of Columbia are co-defendants in the said action, and that all of the said defendants are, and reside without the jurisdiction of the Court to which the said writ is returnable, and without the State of Rhode Island and cannot be served with the same writ within the jurisdiction of the said Court.

Whereupon the plaintiffs pray the court to grant them an order for the service of the said process by substituting for personal service, the service provided for in Section 1 of Chapter 265 of the General Statutes of Rhode Island.

Whereupon it is ordered by this Court in which the said action is pending, that the plaintiffs give notice of the pendency of the said action to the several defendants therein by publishing a copy of this order in the Newport Daily News a newspaper published in Newport for two weeks next succeeding the passage of this order and that the Sheriff of the County of Newport, send by mail a copy of this order duly certified to each of the defendants that they may appear and answer the said action at any time BEFORE THE THIRTIETH DAY OF DECEMBER A. D. 1899.

The clerk will enter the foregoing order.

WM. W. DOUGLAS, J. S. C.

Entered as the order of the Court, this first day of December A. D. 1899.

CHARLES E. HARVEY, Clerk.

A true copy. Attest,
CHARLES E. HARVEY, Clerk.

THE ALLEN.

Restaurant and Oyster House.

MEALS AT ALL HOURS.

139 Thames Street.

D. B. ALLEN. J. T. ALLEN.

THE WEATHER.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 7, 8 A. M.—For Rhode Island—Increasing cloudiness tonight; Friday rain; winds becoming brisk southeasterly.

BOSTON AND VICINITY.

BOSTON, Dec. 7, 8 A. M.—For Boston and vicinity—Fair tonight; Friday cloudy, generally fair and warmer; winds shifting to south and southwest.

WEATHER CONDITIONS.

The weather of the country today is fair and clear except some cloudiness over the lake region, with light snow flurries at a few points, and cloudiness in the western Gulf states. The pressure is high in all sections except in Canadian districts north and west of Lake Superior and on the northern Pacific coast. A decided depression has appeared on the northern Pacific coast, with lowest barometer at 8 a. m. of 29.6 inches at Portland, Ore. As yet this disturbance has caused but little cloudiness and no rain in that section. The temperature continues moderately cold in the West but has risen in the Gulf states, the Mississippi valley and western lake region. In New England it was colder, with some of the lowest temperatures yet recorded this season. The lowest of the morning in this section ranged from zero in parts of Maine, New Hampshire and Vermont to 24 degrees on the southern coast.

J. W. SMITH,
Local Forecast Official.

LOCAL CONDITIONS.

Dec. 6.	8 h	12 h	14 h
Temperature.	29	38	39
Barometer.	30.38	30.40	30.38
Wind.	N	N	N
Weather.	Clear	Clear	Fair

MINIATURE CALENDAR.

THURSDAY, DECEMBER 7.

Sun rises ..... 7 h 50 m
Sun sets ..... 16 h 12 m
Moon sets ..... 21 h 35 m
Length of day ..... 9 h 12 m
Day's decrease ..... 6 h 05 m
High water ..... 10 h 11 m; 23 h 19 m

FRIDAY, DECEMBER 8.

Sun rises ..... 7 h 51 m
Sun sets ..... 16 h 12 m
Moon sets ..... 22 h 47 m
Length of day ..... 9 h 11 m
Day's decrease ..... 6 h 06 m
High water ..... 11 h 39 m; — h — m

SATURDAY, DECEMBER 9.

Sun rises ..... 7 h 52 m
Sun sets ..... 16 h 12 m
Moon sets ..... 23 h 50 m
Length of day ..... 9 h 10 m
Day's decrease ..... 6 h 07 m
High water ..... 0 h 15 m; 12 h 10 m

SUNDAY, DECEMBER 10.

Sun rises ..... 7 h 53 m
Sun sets ..... 16 h 12 m
Moon sets ..... — h — m
Length of day ..... 9 h 09 m
Day's decrease ..... 6 h 08 m
High water ..... 1 h 14 h m; 13 h 40 m

Moon's Phases.

First Quarter, December 9, 10 h 03 m, E.
Full Moon, December 16, 20 h 21 m, E.
Last Quarter, December 24, 22 h 57 m, E.
New Moon, January 1, 8 h 52 m, E.

NEW TODAY.

Semit Tablets; 3d page.
Latopin—Dolls; 8th page.
Lost—Package; 4th page.
Hermann—For Xmas; 8th page.
Cart—Calendars, etc.; 8th page.
For Sale—Small Piano; 4th page.
Bachelor Apartments; 4th page.
Barker—Tenement to let; 8th page.
H. F. Rooney—Special Sale; 5th page.
Fall River—Reduction Sale; 6th page.
J. M. K. Southwick—Skates; 4th page.
Heath & Co.—Christmas Gifts; 6th page.
E. A. Eden & Co.—Eggs, etc.; 8th page.
Kazanjian & Co.—Oriental Rugs; 1st page.
A. C. Titus Co.—Baby Tender; 1st page.
Nat. Exchange Bank—Statement; 4th page.
Aquidneck Nat. Bank—Statement; 4th page.
The Bee Hive—Sterling Silver Goods; 1st page.
Landers & Son—Sports and Games; 5th page.
Wanted—Situation to do Housework; 4th page.
H. F. Rooney—Special Special special special
Nat. Bank of R. I.—Annual Meeting; 4th page.
The Geo. A. Weaver Co.—Change of Your Life; 2d

Changes of advertisements should be sent in the night before or early on the day of issue to insure insertion.

FOR SALE.

On Honyman Hill, a property containing a large Swiss villa, stable, greenhouses, bowling alleys and 22 acres of land.

Also another property containing a Queen Anne cottage, with stable, etc., and about 12 acres of land. Both are on the hill at an elevation of 120 feet and command a fine view of the ocean at the south and Narragansett Bay on the north as well as the pretty valley running north and south just west of these properties. They can now be had at tempting prices and are also for rent.

HERBERT L. DYER,
1 TRAVERS BLOCK, CORNER BELLEVUE AVENUE AND BATH ROAD.

Steam and Hot Water Heating,

Electric Bells, Burglar Alarms Gas and Electric Lighting.

Philip F. Conroy,
TELEPHONE 272. 181 THAMES ST.

The Liverpool and London and Globe Insurance Co.

HENRY BULL, JR.,
Fire Insurance,
197 Thames Street.

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

Cottage and barn on Appleby street. Lot contains about 3,900 square feet, $3,000.

Good condition and location central.

HENRY BULL, JR.,
Real Estate,
197 Thames Street.

Call Telephone No. 204 or drop a card to

A. E. BURLAND,

Opera House Block, for estimates on Electric Work of any kind.

TO RENT—Upper tenement, new house on Green street; modern improvements. Fine view of harbor. Possession given December 1. J. A. Barker, 346 Thames street.

A. W. LUTHER,

Jamestown Real Estate Agency

Office at Jamestown on Ferry Wharf.

25 years' experience in Jamestown Real Estate.

SOLE AGENT FOR MANY OF THE FINEST BUILDING SITES IN JAMESTOWN.

EDWIN T. BANNING Architect,

209 Thames Street.

ROOM 36.

A. O'D. TAYLOR.

REAL ESTATE OFFICE,

124 Bellevue Avenue, Newport, R. I.

Desirable Tenements.	For Rent.
1. Brooks avenue, upper,	$18.67
2. Bellevue avenue, upper,	20.81
3. Church street, upper,	16.00
4. Division street, lower,	15.00
5. Cottages, one at $12, and two at	10.00

Several other cottages and tenements are available. Particulars will be given on application to Mr. Taylor.

Telephone No. 320.

MARRIED.

SIDFELDT—ROSENDAHL—In this city, 6th inst., by Rev. E. H. Porter, Gustav Sidfeldt and Wilhelmina Rosendahl, both of Newport.

DIED.

BARKER—In this city, 5th inst., Julia A., widow of Henry Barker, in her 89th year.

Funeral services at the residence of her daughter, Mrs. James H. Goddard, 35 Second street, Friday, 8th inst., at 2 P. M. Relatives and friends are invited.

TAYLOR—In Providence, 5th inst., Jane, widow of William Taylor, in her 81st year.

BARD—In Providence, 6th inst., John S. Bard, in his 52d year.

RIPLEY—In Providence, 6th inst., James Herbert, son of James M. and Mary B. Ripley, in his 5th year.

LIEB—In Providence, 6th inst., William R. Lieb, in his 60th year.

RHODES—In Pawtuxet, 6th inst., Elizabeth A., widow of James Fenner Rhodes, in her 88th year.

BRADLEY—In Fall River, 5th inst., Annie M., wife of Samuel A. Bradley, aged 35 years.

ROBERT C. COTTRELL, Undertaker and Embalmer, 322 & 324 Thames street. Residence, 104 Mill street. Telephone at office and residence.

JAMES A. DUNPHY, Undertaker and Embalmer, graduate Massachusetts College of Embalming, 618 Thames street. Residence 5 Mount Vernon street. Telephone at office and residence.

"Seeing is believing." You can see what Hood's Sarsaparilla has done for others, and must believe it will do the same for you.

BUILDING LOTS FOR SALE.

One on Bliss road, 50 feet front by 120 in depth. One on Bradford avenue, 50 by 100 feet.

Four on Gardiner street, good frontage and excellent situations.

Six on Gibbs avenue, 40 by 50 feet frontage and from 100 to 120 in depth.

INVESTMENT PROPERTY.

Two houses in central location, and good sized corner lot; rental value $350 per annum. Price $2,700. Some good business locations for sale on Broadway and Thames street.

SIMEON HAZARD,
94 Broadway.

H. L. Marsh. Howard R. Peckham.

Hay, Grain, Straw, Salt.

H. L. Marsh & Co.,

Office at Elevator, near Pass. Station

Branch Store, 162 Broadway.

TENEMENTS, ROOMS AND BOARD.

BACHELOR APARTMENTS in a house specially planned to make men comfortable. Every room is heated. The Baths and closets are up to date and at no time can one go to a bath without getting a plenty of hot water. New furniture throughout. A cosy sitting room. Location handy to restaurants and business. Terms moderate. Inspection invited. 16 Mary St. Call at 171 Thames St., Walter S. Langley.

TO LET—Tenement of six room on second floor; inquire 11 Ann street.

TO LET—Lower tenement, 16 Calvert street. Apply to H. F. Rooney, 251 Thames street.

TO LET—Lower tenement on Clinton avenue. Apply to William S. Brownell, Daily News Office.

TO RENT—Small cottage 11 Calvert street. Apply to H. F. Rooney, 251 Thames street.

TO LET—Furnished rooms at 28 Green street.

TO LET.

Lower Tenement 28 Mann Ave.

Containing 8 rooms and all the modern conveniences.

F. S. and S. P. BARKER, 195 Broadway.

FOR SALE.

Piano for Sale.

A small upright piano, mahogany finish, in excellent condition. Apply to Wm. S. Brownell, 16 Gibbs avenue.

FOR SALE.

125 feet of Second-hand Iron Fence with Posts and Two Gates.

All in good condition.

J. R. Bucheller, Commercial Wharf.

Skates! Skates!

We have them in all styles. A pair of SKATES would please any boy or girl as a Christmas gift.

See our south window for useful and appropriate Christmas goods.

J. M. K. SOUTHWICK,
185 THAMES STREET.
Headquarters for sporting goods and hunters' supplies.

T. W. FREEBORNE,

Auctioneer and Appraiser

69 BROADWAY.

First National Bank.

NEWPORT, R. I., December 6, 1899.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of the bank for the choice of directors, will be held Tuesday, January 9, 1900, from eleven to twelve o'clock M.

NATH'L R. SWINBURNE, Cashier.

National Bank of Rhode Island.

NEWPORT, R. I., Dec. 7, 1899.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of this bank will be held at their banking rooms, Tuesday, January 9, 1900, at 3 P. M., for the election of directors.

T. P. PECKHAM, Cashier.

SENATOR CHANDLER'S BILL.

To Promote Physical Training at West Point and Annapolis.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 7.—On motion of Mr. Hale (Maine), it was decided that when the Senate adjourns today it be until Monday next.

An invitation was extended, through President Pro Tem Frye, to the Senate to attend the George Washington centennial memorial services to be held in this city Thursday, December 14, under the auspices of the Improved Order of Red Men. Senator Depew is to deliver the oration.

Mr. Chandler (N. H.) offered resolutions instructing the committee on privileges and elections to investigate the right of William A. Clark of Montana and Nathan B. Scott of West Virginia to seats in the Senate and to take testimony. The resolutions were referred to the committee on contingent expenses.

Mr. Berry (Ark) offeged a joint resolution in favor of the election of United States Senators by the people, and gave notice that at a later date he would address the Senate upon the subject.

A bill offered by Mr. Chandler, to increase the efficiency of physical training at the West Point and Annapolis academies and to pay less attention to the higher mental training, was the subject of an amusing colloquy between Mr. Chandler and Mr. Hale (Me.). Mr. Chandler asked that the measure be referred to the committee on education and labor.

Mr. Hale took it, he said, to be a bill to encourage football and other similar games, and he could hardly stand as sponsor for such a proposition as the Senator from New Hampshire had stood. He was inclined to think the boys did not need stimulation in athletic sports. He declared that the famous college men of today were those who were excellent in football and other branches of athletics rather than those who were excellent in the old fashioned studies upon which men were rated as great. So far as he was concerned he did not care to have the measure referred to the naval committee, of which he is chairman.

In a facetious speech Mr. Chandler replied that he thought athletic contests among the college men ought to be encouraged. "The proposition I present is," said he, "that these athletic contests shall be regulated by law and that international and intercollegiate contests shall occur at salient points. Free trains are run by the railroads to these affairs in order to increase the interest and attendance, and I propose that this shall be done without violating the interstate commerce law." The bill was referred as desired by Mr. Chandler.

At 12:50 p. m. the Senate went into executive session, and at 1:05 p. m. adjourned until Monday.

COMMITTEE ON RULES NAMED.

House Democrats Object to Early Debate on the Finance Bill.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 7.—Before the House met today the Republican and Democratic leaders attempted to perfect an agreement for the debate on the financial bill, which is to begin next Monday. The negotiations failed. The Republican leaders then decided to resort to a special rule, to be brought in tomorrow. Mr. Overstreet (Repn., Ind.) who is to have charge of the bill, introduced the formal resolution for a special order, upon which the committee on rules will act. It provides for the consideration of the bill, beginning Monday and continuing until a date to be decided upon by the committee on rules.

Immediately after the reading of the journal, the Speaker announced the appointment of the committee on rules, as follows:

The Speaker, Mr. Dalzell of Pennsylvania and Mr. Grosvenor of Ohio, Republicans; and Mr. Richardson of Tennessee and Mr. Bailey of Texas, Democrats.

Mr. Meyer (Dem., La.) announced that he had been incorrectly recorded as voting "Aye" on the Roberts resolution Tuesday. He had voted "No."

Mr. Overstreet, in charge of the finance bill, then arose for the purpose of reaching an agreement, if possible, for the consideration of the measure. He asked that an arrangement be made for commencing the debate next Monday.

Mr. Richardson, the minority leader, said the proposal was most unusual. It was that a most important measure, perfected in all its details during the recess by members on the other side, should be brought into the House without having been considered in committee and taken up on two days' notice. He insisted that the bill should go to a committee for first consideration. There is no immediate call for the passage of this bill and he objected to the proposed arrangement.

Mr. Overstreet asked unanimous consent to print in the record an analysis of the bill.

"I understand the gentleman desires to inject a stump speech into the record," observed Mr. Terry (Ark). "I object."

Upon the motion of Mr. Grosvenor (Ohio), a resolution was adopted to print 5,000 copies of the opinion of the Supreme Court in the case of the Addistone Pipe & Steel Company et al., appellants, vs. the United States, for the use of the House.

Mr. Mercer (Neb.) then announced the death of the late Representative Greene of Nebraska, and after the adoption of the customary resolutions the House, at 12:35 p. m., as a further mark of respect, adjourned.

HAD YELLOW FEVER ON BOARD.

British Bark from Panama Quarantined at Port Townsend.

PORT TOWNSEND, Wash., Dec. 7.—British bark Ravenscourt, 30 days from Panama has arrived here and will be sent to Diamond Point into quarantine. Yellow fever broke out at Panama, and Captain A. B. Scott, the mate and three sailors were stricken and sent ashore. Three sailors died of the disease a few days after sailing. Several other cases developed and another sailor died. There were no new cases in the last 15 days of the voyage.

Gilmore's Band Drum Major Dead.

ATTLEBORO, Mass., Dec. 7.—Ernest Meyers, who was drum major of Gilmore's band of New York during the civil war, died here this morning. He was nearly 70 years old, and prominent in Grand Army circles.

MISS SWANN'S BALTIMORE DEBUT.

Miss Laura Swann, daughter of Mrs. Elisha Dyer, Jr., whose début was made Monday at the Bachelors' german in Baltimore, has been the recipient of much attention in that city. Tuesday evening a large theatre party was given for her by her uncle and aunt, Mr. and Mrs. Sherlock Swann. Two boxes at the Academy of Music were filled with guests, among whom were Miss Charlotte Latrobe, the hostess, another débutante, Miss Munnikhuysen, one of the most beautiful of the Baltimore buds; Miss Doris Stewart, Miss Mary Peter, and Messrs. Harry Lehr, William Lehr, Max Muller of the British legation in Washington, Mae Pope, Hollis McKim and Howard Harvey. Miss Swann's Baltimore début is entirely under the auspices of her father, Mr. Donnell Swann.—[New York Times.

JAMESTOWN.

[Regular correspondence of the News.]

The Beneficial Society of the Central Baptist Church gave a successful musicale at "The Maples" last evening.

Mr. P. P. Brown's auction at the Hull Cove farm attracted a large number of buyers today.

On the 9:30 trip 15 teams were taken over and one was left till the next trip for lack of room.

Mr. John E. Watson has had his catboat, the Thetis, hauled out for the winter.

A part of the freight house has been partitioned off and a stove set up for the accommodation of smokers, as smoking will not be allowed in the waiting room after the alterations are completed.

The bank in front of the Gardner House is being graded. When it is well sodded it will add greatly to the appearance of that part of the town.

Miss Champlin is training a number of boys of St. Matthew's Church for a cake walk, to be given next week for the benefit of the Christmas tree fund.

Mr. and Mrs. John Lee left today for a visit to Block Island. Their first attempt was unsuccessful, as the weather was so rough the boat did not go.

Captain Abbott Chandler and Mr. Amos L. Peckham are in Providence today.

There was a pretty wedding last evening at the home of Mr. and Mrs. J. Irving Gorton in Sing Sing, N. Y., when their oldest daughter, Carrie, was married to Elijah Anthony of this town, in the presence of relatives and a few intimate friends. The rooms were prettily decorated with palms, ferns and red carnations. The ceremony was performed by Rev. F. W. Lockwood of Sing Sing. After the reception which followed Mr. and Mrs. Anthony took their departure for New York city, where they will spend a few days. After remaining several weeks in Providence they will come to Jamestown and occupy Mr. Anthony's old home on Green lane.

LOCAL BRIEFS.

—Mr. W. H. Boone is confined at home by an attack of grip.

—Fishing schooner North Star and sloop yacht Queenie are hauled out.

—Torpedo boat Morris has gone to Providence to be hauled out and painted.

—Mr. Ara Hildreth has returned from a ten days' visit to his daughter, Mrs. Hall, in New York.

—Mrs. W. P. Kelly and family of Attleboro, Mass., are guests of Mr. and Mrs. Harwood E. Read.

—The shop windows are going into commission for Christmas trade, and in several the display of holiday toys is already on view.

—Twenty-five parcel boxes for newspapers and parcels have been received by Postmaster Landers and will soon be put in commission.

—The weather has come out clear and bright again. The expected snowstorm failed to materialize, though a few flakes were seen yesterday morning.

—Mrs. Francis Stanhope, wife of Coroner Stanhope, who has been an invalid for several years, is now in such poor health that her life is despaired of.

—Tomorrow will be the Feast of the Immaculate Conception, and will be observed by services in St. Mary's Church at 5 and 7 a. m., and in St. Joseph's at 5:30 and 7:30 a. m.

—At the meeting of the Rhode Island Medical Society this morning Dr. T. A. Kenefick of this city was elected one of the delegates of the society to the New York State Medical Association.

—At the meeting of the Junior Brotherhood of St. Andrew last evening the following officers were elected: Vice director, G. R. Taylor; secretary, Harry Curtis; treasurer, Thomas Vayro.

—Mr. James Canole, a member of the Volunteer football team and well known in local athletic work, died Tuesday of typhoid fever, and his funeral took place from St. Mary's Church this afternoon.

—Now that the weather has lost some of the chill that nipped the enthusiasm and the fingers of whiting fishermen, the whiting season will probably be resumed. It was quite cold along the water front the past few days.

—Oscar Darling, William Lefton, T. O'Reilley, C. A. Helfer and John McCulloch of New York, D. D. Bucklin, Jr., of Providence, George B. Hellman of Philadelphia and C. S. Mallard of Boston are registered at the Perry House.

—Schooner Carrie C. Weare is having her main boom spliced at Crowley's yard. She broke it coming by Watch Hill, and in the accident there were several narrow escapes, the captain and several of the crew being knocked down. They escaped serious injury.

—Mr. Martin Bennett, United States manager of the Scottish Union and National Insurance Company of Edinburgh and the Lion Fire Insurance Company of London, who died at his home in Hartford Tuesday, aged 61 years, was a native of Bristol and a brother of the late Benjamin P. Bennett of this city.

—Commander Albert Ross has been detached from the command of training ship Alliance and ordered to duty as inspector in charge of the Fifteenth lighthouse district at St. Louis, and Commander F. H. Delano is detached from duty as ordnance officer at the Boston navy yard and ordered to command the Alliance.

—Mrs. Frederic Gallatin has organized a series of dances in New York for her daughter, Miss May Gallatin, and several débutantes of the season, notably Miss Gladys and Miss Beatrice Mills, Miss Ruth and Miss Florence Twombly, and Miss Gwendoline Burden. These dances will be given at the Metropolitan Club Saturday evenings during the season.

THEIR FINAL EFFORT.

CONTINUED FROM FIRST PAGE.

tion of Dordrecht, about 50 miles north of Queenstown, Cape Colony.

The Tugela bridge, it is announced, is so completely ruined that it will be a work of great magnitude for either belligerent to restore it. The British fired on some republican scouts south of the Tugela this morning. There were no casualties.

A newspaper correspondent named Lynch, who entered the Boer lines at Ladysmith Monday, with the alleged purpose of exchanging newspapers, has been made a prisoner and will be brought to Pretoria.

METHUEN RESUMES COMMAND.

Wires That He is in Nightly Communication with Kimberley.

LONDON, Dec. 7.—The war office here has received the following message from General Forestier-Walker, the British commander at Cape Town:

"Wednesday, Dec. 6.—General Methuen wires today that he has resumed command and is nightly in communication with Kimberley. The health of the troops is excellent."

AIDED THE MARKETS.

Another Stock Exchange Rumor of the Relief of Ladysmith.

LONDON, Dec. 7.—A rumor on the Stock Exchange here today, saying that Ladysmith had been relieved, aided the markets and caused noisy bidding for South African securities.

ALL WELL WEDNESDAY.

Bombardment at Ladysmith Continues, But Ineffective.

FRERE CAMP, Natal. Dec. 6.—A runner from Ladysmith, today, reports all well there. The bombardment, the messenger adds, continues but is ineffective, the Boer shells only hitting the houses.

Trade Booming in England.

LONDON, Dec. 7.—The report of the board of trade for the month of November shows an increase of £2,175,000 in imports and £4,751,700 in exports.

President Steyn Joins the Boers Forces.

LONDON, Dec. 7.—The announcement is made in a special despatch from Bloemfontein, dated Sunday, December 3, that President Steyn of the Orange Free State has joined the Boer forces at the Modder river. His appearance, the despatch says, caused great enthusiasm among the Boers.

Nominations Confirmed.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 7.—The Senate in executive session today confirmed the following appointments: Joseph W. Fifer of Illinois to be a commissioner of interstate commerce; Fred W. Wines of Illinois, to be assistant director of the census.

CAPTAIN SLOCUM AND A KING.

In the December instalment of "Sailing Alone Around the World," in the Century, Captain Slocum takes leave of Samoa.

While hobnobbing, as it were, with royalty I called on the king himself, the late Malietoa. King Malietoa was a great ruler; he never got less than $45 a month for the job, as he told me himself, and this amount had lately been raised, so that he could live on the fat of the land and not any longer be called "Tin-of-salmon Malietoa" by graceless beach-combers.

As my interpreter and I entered the front door of the palace, the king's brother, who was viceroy, sneaked in through a taropatch by the back way, and sat cowering by the door while I told my story to the king. Mr. W—— of New York, a gentleman interested in missionary work, had charged me, when I sailed, to give his remembrance to the king of the Cannibal islands, other islands of course being meant; but the good King Malietoa, notwithstanding that his people have not eaten a missionary in a hundred years, received the message himself, and seemed greatly pleased to hear so direct from the publishers of the "Missionary Review," and wished me to make his compliments in return. His Majesty then excused himself, while I talked with his daughter, the beautiful Faamu-Sami (a name signifying "To make the sea burn"), and soon reappeared in the full-dress uniform of the German commander-in-chief, Emperor William himself; for, stupidly enough, I had not sent my credentials ahead that the king might be in full regalia to receive me. Calling a few days later to say good-by to Faamu-Sami, I saw King Malietoa for the last time. * * * *

Calling to say good-by to my friends at Vailima, I met Mrs. Stevenson in her Panama hat, and went over the estate with her. Men were at work clearing the land, and to one of them she gave an order to cut a couple of bamboo-trees for the Spray from a clump she had planted four years before, and which had grown to the height of 60 feet. I used them for spare spars, and the butt of one made a serviceable jib-boom on the homeward voyage. I had then only to take ava with the family and be ready for sea. This ceremony, important among Samoans, was conducted after the native fashion. A Triton horn was sounded to let us know when the beverage was ready, and in response we all clapped hands. The bout being in honor of the Spray, it was my turn first, after the custom of the country, to spill a little over my shoulder; but having forgotten the Samoan for "Let the gods drink," I repeated the equivalent in Russian and Chinook, as I remembered a word in each, whereupon Mr. Osbourne pronounced me a confirmed Samoan. Then I said "Tofah!" to my good friends of Samoa, and all wishing the Spray bon voyage, she stood out of the harbor August 20, 1896, and continued on her course. A sense of loneliness seized upon me as the islands faded astern, and as a remedy for it I crowded on sail for lovely Australia, which was not a strange land to me; but for long days in my dreams Vailima stood before the prow.

VOICES OF FISHES.

Fish that utter sounds are by no means rare, but they are not often seen or heard by those not in the fishing business. Some years ago, in the Gulf of Mexico, a small highly colored fish known as the haemulon was hauled in. The moment it appeared above the surface it opened its mouth and began to grunt and groan so loudly that the attention of the entire party was attracted to it. The sounds could be heard from one end to the other of the 60-ton schooner. One of the fishermen held the fish in amazement a few moments, and then was so convinced that it was talking and begging for liberty that it was tossed overboard.

The gizzard shad utters a note that can be heard some distance and the eel is said to make a noise that comes nearer to being musical than any other made by a fish. The loudest sound ever known to be uttered by a fish came from a small dogfish or shark on the New England coast. The fishermen were hauling them in by the dozen, and as each fish came out of the water it uttered a loud croak, and kept it up as though in great agony, so that when several of these fishes were on deck the air was full of barking or croaking.

The drumfish is one of the few fishes whose sounds are heard while they are in the water. The late Spencer F. Baird of the Smithsonian Institution made some interesting experiments with them, and in a report described the strange sounds that came up from the bottom. He had the impression that the fish were directly on the bottom of the vessel and were striking it, but this was found to be a mistake. The fish were in a school some feet below the surface and in all probability were making the sounds by striking their pharyngeal teeth together. The sounds produced by these fish have a singular effect upon superstitious seamen, who see omens in the weird noises.

Any one who has slept in a small boat with his ears a few inches from the water has heard strange crackling sounds sometimes. They appeared like a series of cracks or electric shocks, but what creatures produce the noise no one seems to know.

One of the most remarkable of all the sound-producing fishes is found in China seas, and an account of its actions has been given by Lieutenant White of the British navy. He was engaged in some special work at the entrance of a river and came to anchor one night in shallow water. Presently strange sounds began to be heard coming up from the bottom. They were described as resembling the clanging of bells and the beating of drums. The men were demoralized, and attributed the noises to spirits, it being said that a crew of pirates had gone down there, but the officers were convinced that the noise was caused by some sea animals, and investigation showed that it came from a school of fish that made the sounds by clapping their teeth together.—[Baltimore Herald.

Sight Made Pleasant.

No matter how accurately your sight has been fitted the glasses will not be just right unless they are properly mounted and, correctly adapted to the nose and face. I have all kinds of nose-grips and use that one which holds the glasses most securely, besides being comfortable and easy fitting.

Don't wear bent frames. Let me straighten them for you. No charge: glad to make you comfortable.

ESTABLISHED 184.

MUELLER, SCIENTIFIC OPTICIAN, 166 Bellevue Ave.

FOR

Christmas Selling.

EVERY SHELF, COUNTER AND TABLE IN THE STORE IS FULL TO OVERFLOWING WITH THE RIGHT GOODS FOR

Holiday Gifts,

MARKED AT THE RIGHT PRICES, IN MOST CASES SO LOW THAT THEY EASILY DISTANCE ALL COMPETITION.

All the New Toys, Games, Books, etc.

—AT—

WALSH BROTHERS',
222 Thames Street.

BOYS' REEFERS,

MADE OF HEAVY KERSEY CLOTH, SUBSTANTIAL WOOL PLAID LINING, WILL KEEP THEIR COLOR TO THE LAST, AND NEVER BEFORE SOLD AT LESS THAN $2.50; WE ARE CLOSING THEM OUT AT

$2 each.

Girls' Reefers

AND JACKETS, LATEST STYLES, FROM

$1.75 to $4.50 each.

Babies' Cloaks

From 50c. to $4 each.

Children's Dresses,

THE LATEST STYLES, OF EXCELLENT MATERIAL AND WORKMANSHIP, FROM

25c. to $4 each.

Levy's
76 BROADWAY.

Telephone Number 180.

DRINK

Pure Distilled Water.

This is distilled in its purest form at our laboratory. The water flowing from our artesian well through 180 feet of rock is entirely free from organic matter. It is quickly evaporated under a high pressure of steam, condensed in pure block tin condensers and immediately run into 5-gallon glass receivers and sealed. At no time does this water come in contact with the air. All our mineral waters are made from

Pure Distilled Water.

SIPHONS OF CARBONIC VICHY, LITHIA, SELTZER, ETC., $1.50 PER DOZEN.

CASWELL, MASSEY & CO.,

12 Thames Street. 6 Casino Building

GUESSWORK TAKEN OUT OF CHRISMTAS SHOPPING.

GUESSING that goods are genuine and to awaken to the fact that they are unreal isn't satisfactory shopping.

GUESSING that something you saw elsewhere is the same as you saw here isn't safe shopping.

GUESSING that the imitation is cheaper than the genuine is always expensive shopping.

GUESSING that a price is low because it is compared with an exaggerated one isn't economical shopping.

GUESSING that you can carry in your eye the something you saw here to compare with something you think the same elsewhere isn't wise shopping.

All Guessing is a Mistake.

Not that we are the only store selling genuine things at genuine prices, but shopping here is made absolutely safe. With every purchase goes the guarantee that the price you pay is as low as equal goods can be bought for in any store in New England, and our name covers the worth of the goods.

If you ask for one of our Catalogues of Sports and Games you will find many goods just adapted for Boys of all ages.

Peck & Snider Racing Skates.
Peck & Snider Hockey Skates.
Rugby Footballs from $1 to $4.
Association Footballs, $1.25 to $5.
Rubber Footballs from 45c. up
Boxing Gloves, 95c. to $6 a set.
Best Air Guns, 95c.
Iron and Wood Dumb Bells.
Ball's Roller Skates.
Striking Bags from 75c.
Base Balls and Bats from 10c.
Fencing Foils.
Golf Clubs and Balls from $1
Football Suits, all prices.
Spalding Hockey Sticks.
Canadian Hockey and Puck
Horses and Wagons.

Steel and Iron Quoits.
Tennis Bats and Balls.
Basket Ball Goods.
Indian Clubs and Archery.
Phonoharps and Autoharps.
Steam Engines.
Dogs, Cats, Horses and Elephants.
Soldier Suits, Drums and Swords.
Magic lanterns and Boxes.
Electric Batteries.
Metalaphones and Mandolins.
Anchor Blocks.
Detective Cameras.
Box Soldiers and Noah's Arks
Sulkies, Wagons and Carts.
Fans with Electricity.

LA-LUTTE--A new game. Exciting as Billiards. Simple as Shuffle Board

—AT—

LANDERS & SON'S, Covell's Block.

Special Sale of Canned Goods.

Asparagus Tips,	15c. a can
Very Fine Stringless Beans,	2 cans for 25c
Boston Baked Beans,	10c. a can
Sugar Corn,	10c. a can
Marrow Squash,	10c. a can
Wax Beans,	10c. a can
Glass Jars Tomatoes,	20c. a jar

H. F. ROONEY'S,
251 THAMES STREET.

Here's a Novelty! 16 year old Whiskey,

Bottled in Bond.
The famous old Mammoth Cave Bourbon.

FOR SALE BY

D. W. SHEEHAN,
13 to 20 Kinsley's Wharf,
NEWPORT, R. I.

Fresh Table Eggs.

LANDERS & PECKHAM,
142 THAMES STREET.
Telephone 136-5.

AMUSEMENTS, LECTURES, ETC.

Concert!

Masonic Hall, Monday Evening,
DEC. 11, 1899, at 8 o'clock.

T. HANDASYD CABOT, Violoncellist.
GEORGE A. COPELAND, JR., Pianist.

Tickets $1, 75c. and 50c., to be obtained at Barney's music store, 151 Thames street, and Rogers's music store, 210 Thames street.
All seats reserved.

The Ladies of the Channing Memorial Church will hold their Annual

Christmas Sale,

AND NEW ENGLAND SUPPER,
FRIDAY, DECEMBER 8,
In the Channing Parlors.

Handkerchiefs and Aprons in great variety

An excellent opportunity for those in search of gifts to find among the Christmas novelties something appropriate.

The sale will open at 11 o'clock. Homemade Cake and Candies will be specialties.
Luncheon will be served.

GRAMOPHONE ENTERTAINMENT,

FOR BENEFIT OF THOS. E. OXX,
TOWN HALL, JAMESTOWN,
Thursday Evening, December 7, 1899,

Conducted by Miss R. E. Tapley of New York.

AMONG THE PIECES WILL BE SOME OF SOUSA'S LATEST MARCHES; ALSO VIOLIN, TROMBONE AND CORNET SELECTIONS.

Admission—Under 12, 10c.; adults, 25c.; reserved seats, 35c.

The Casino, Fall River.

SATURDAY, DECEMBER 9, ONLY.

Afternoon at 3:30. Evening at 8.

TWO PERFORMANCES OF THE

Only Genuine Pictures

Jeffries--Sharkey CONTEST.

The Fight Shown Complete in **25 ROUNDS.**

PRICES—Matinee, 25c., 50c. and 75c. Evening, 50c., 75c. and $1.

Sale of seats opens Friday at 9 A. M., at Casino Box Office.

AMUSEMENTS, LECTURES, ETC.

Week Commencing

Monday, December 4.

Miss Katherine Rober

In All Great New York Successes,

At Popular Prices.

Special Scenery,
Electrical Effects and
Most Gorgeous Costumes.

MATINEES DAILY.

OPERA HOUSE.

FOR WEEK COMMENCING

Monday, December 4.

Daily Matinees Commencing Tuesday.

New England's Greatest Favorite,

Miss Katherine Rober

Supported by a Very Clever Company of Artists in Great Productions of New York Successes.

REPERTOIRE:

Thursday Evening,	"Romeo and Juliet"
Friday Matinee,	"Romeo and Juliet"
Friday Evening,	"Madam Sans Gene"
Saturday Matinee,	"The Devil's Mine"
Saturday Evening,	Kate Emmett's "Killarney"

PRICES: Evenings, 10c., 20c. and 30c. Matinees, 10c. and 20c.

THIS WEEK, FOR CASH,

One Snap Hitch Rope, 15c., $1 a dozen.

Five-pound Tub Harness Soap, 85c.; ten pounds, $1.25.

GEORGE GRATRIX, 96 Broadway.

1 Large Bottle Pure Maple Syrup

AND

1 Large Bag Buckwheat

For 57 cents.

PECKHAM & BRYER,
BROADWAY AND SPRING STREET

THE SUPPLY OF GINGER.

Ranks Second Among Spices According to the Import Tables.

Ginger is the root of a kind of reed, grown both in the East and West Indies and China, also largely in Malabar, and to a certain extent in nearly all tropical countries; it is also to be found, though of poor quality, in most of our Gulf states. The stem or reed is an annual, and grows directly from the root every spring to the height of about three feet, with long blades of lanceolate leaves, resembling very much in style and color our American maize or corn. This reed or stalk terminates in an oblong scaly spike, and from each of the scales grows a little blue and white flower. This plant is now cultivated in very great quantities in the West Indies, especially in the island of Jamaica, from which place the finest and most esteemed is imported.

Jamaica ginger is not only cultivated to very great perfection, but the selecting, scraping, drying and all the necessary details in its preparation are observed with the utmost care and nicety. Ginger is imported into this country either in the form of the dried roots or as a preserve in syrup comes from Cochin China, Africa and the East West Indies. The preserved ginger from the West Indies is much esteemed and commands a very high price. The ginger root grows in knotty branched pieces, in low, fenny or marshy soils, and has a pleasant aromatic odor and biting taste. There are two kinds of ginger—the black and the white. Black ginger consists of the inferior roots, which have been steeped in boiling water previous to being dried in the sun. The color of the darkest kinds, however, is not black, but more of a dirty brown or stone color. White ginger consists of the roundest and finest roots scraped clean and then dried carefully without being scalded. It is firmer, less fibrous and more pungent than the black, and from the fact that the finest and soundest roots are always selected, white ginger is, independent of the manner of its preparation, superior to black, and always realizes a much higher price in the market; but the difference of color depends wholly upon the manner of curing or preparing. For both of these kinds the tubes or roots are allowed to ripen; that is, they are not dug up until after the annual stalks are withered.

The principal varieties of ginger known in commerce are white ginger—Jamaica, Cochin China, African, East Indian or Bengal and Tellicherry; black or dark ginger—Jamaica and Malabar. Gingers imported into Europe are subjected to various modes of treatment, which tend greatly to improve and preserve them, for the finer its quality the more susceptible is ginger to the ravages of the fly or ginger worm. These various modes of treatment are washing, brightening and bleaching, and the gingers are consequently known in the trade as "originals;" namely, the ginger as imported; "washed," that which has been cleaned in water slightly acidified; "bright," the ginger which has undergone the preparatory course of bleaching, and "bleached," that which has received a coating or dressing of lime, etc. These latter modes of treatment of ginger until recently were carried on exclusively by experts in Europe, and it is only within the last few years that the art has been introduced into this country.

When a preserved ginger is required the roots are taken up in the sap, the stalks not being more than a few inches long, the young roots are scalded, then washed in cold water and afterward carefully peeled. This process lasts for several days, during which time the water is often changed. When the cleansing is complete the tubers are put into jars and covered with a weak syrup of sugar. After a day or two this weak syrup is removed and replaced by a stronger one, and this shifting is two or three times repeated, increasing the strength of the syrup each time. The preserve thus formed is one of the finest that is made. The removed syrups are not lost but fermented into a pleasant and agreeable beverage, known as "cool drink," used very much in tropical countries. Preserved ginger as manufactured here and in Europe is dark and fibrous, but when prepared in the East or West Indies or China, the West Indies especially, from the young roots, it is almost transparent. It is imported in jars, and should be of a bright, yellow color. Ginger is imported from Jamaica in barrels of about 100 pounds each, with actual tare allowance; from Cochin China and Malabar in cases of about 200 pounds each, with actual tare allowances. African and East Indian ginger comes in bags of 100 pounds each, with tare of two pounds each bag.

Ginger is one of the most important members of the spice family. The import tables show that between 5,000,000 and 6,000,000 pounds of the dried root are used annually in this country, about the same quantity as is taken of cassia. Between 250,000 and 500,000 pounds of preserved ginger are imported annually, the average import price for the preserved article and the root being about four cents a pound in each case.

In order of importance, as shown by import tables, ginger ranks with cassia next to pepper, which is twice as popular as any other spice, and cloves are a good third.—[Merchant's Review.

ISELIN'S PLANS NOT FORMED.

Mr. C. Oliver Iselin, who with Mrs. Iselin sailed on steamship St. Paul from New York yesterday for Southampton, said to a newspaper reporter before he sailed that he was going abroad solely for health and pleasure, and had really nothing to say in regard to yacht racing. "I have not made up my mind yet," he said, "whether I shall take the Columbia over to race on the Mediterranean in the spring or whether I shall race her in British waters. I may not take her over at all, and I may. I have heard of Rose's new yacht, but neither she nor the new Meteor troubles me in the least. If I take the Columbia over I shall be glad, of course, to give her all the racing they want, but I have no plans for the present. I am going to London first, and I suppose I shall meet Sir Thomas Lipton and other yachtsmen, and I don't know what I may be induced to do."

THE ABUSE OF SECOND-CLASS MAIL PRIVILEGES.

About the principal feature of the annual report of Postmaster General Charles Emory Smith is the plea for Congressional action to stop the abuse of second-class mail privileges, which, he says, results in an annual waste of upwards of $20,000,000. The financial exhibit for the fiscal year shows total expenditures of $101,632,161, and total receipts of $95,021,384, the deficiency being $2,122,747 less than last year. The Postmaster General says:

"The most urgent need of the postal service is the rectification of the enormous wrongs which have grown up in the perversion and abuse of the privilege accorded by law to second-class matter. There are many improvements and advances waiting development and application; opportunities for speedier transmission and delivery, fields for broadening the scope of the mail service and bringing closer home to the people possibilities of reduced postage.

"But above and beyond all these measures of progress, which experience and intelligence are working out, is the redemption of the special concession which Congress granted for a distinct and justifiable public object from the fungus growths and the flagrant evils that have fastened upon it.

"For this costly abuse, which drags on the department and weighs down the service, trammels its power and means of effective advancement in every direction, involves a sheer wanton waste of $20,000,000 or upward a year. The postal deficit for the current year is $6,610,776. But for this wrongful application of the second-class rate, instead of a deficit there would be a clear surplus of many millions. It is not now proposed to restrict the privileges of legitimate publications or to modify the design of the law, but only to bring back its application to its original and just scope.

"It is believed that fully one half of all the matter mailed as second-class, and paid for at the pound rate, is not properly second-class within the intent of the law, and ought justly to be paid for at the third-class rate. This gives the enormous quantity of 176,351,613 pounds from which the department derives only a fraction of the revenue to which it is fairly entitled.

"The department actually derives a revenue of 14.75 cents a pound for the third-class matter mailed last year and on this basis the department would have received for this wrongly-classed second-rate matter $23,011,863, instead of $1,763,516 which it actually received, and the postal revenues would have been increased by the handsome sum of $21,248,347.

"If there is to be a favored class, let it embrace all the people. With this class paying properly, even penny postage, with reasonable limitations, could be applied to letters without entailing a deficit larger than that of the last few years, and possibly with none at all."

A Card.

The undersigned hereby agrees to refund the money on a 50-cent bottle of Greene's Warranted Syrup of Tar if it fails to cure your cough or cold. He also guarantees a 25-cent bottle to prove satisfactory, or money refunded.

EMIL S. BLUMENKRANZ.

LOCAL BRIEFS.

—Thick ice formed last night and the weather is decidedly winterish.

The Grand Social Club gave a social last evening in Southwick's hall.

Captain Garnett of the police force is confined to his home by illness.

—Mr. and Mrs. J. B. M. Grosvenor has gone to New York for the winter.

—Mr. John Kazanjian and Rev. Henry Morgan Stone have returned from New York.

Miss Mae Titus sang at a Sunday school convention in Fall River last night.

—Mr. William K. Vanderbilt has been elected a director of the Pullman Palace Car Company.

—Mr. August Belmont and Mr. R. H. McCurdy have been elected directors of the American Trust Company.

—The New York Sun of yesterday announces that Mr. John A. Pinard is ill of typhoid fever at his residence in New York.

—The Robert Emmet Guards attended the funeral of their late comrade, James Canole, from St. Mary's Church this afternoon.

—Nearly all the cottagers have closed their summer homes. At least a dozen still remain and will be likely to stay until after the holidays.

—One of the pleasing features of the Channing fair will be a New England supper, which the ladies in charge know so well how to prepare.

—The steel truss work on the city hall has been started; also the slating of that portion of the roof already up. If the steel work had arrived on time the building would now probably be all covered in.

—Manager John Graham was in town on a brief visit today. He is conducting the New England tour of the Jeffries-Sharkey fight pictures and is managing two companies of colored singers and dancers, which are now in Maine. In the spring he will conduct Brooke's military band of Chicago on its annual tour through New England.

—There was a jingling of three blows on the fire alarm early last evening. It was not for a fire, or for those November meteors, but for a special meeting of the board of firewards, at which the number of the new fire alarm box which is to be placed on engine house No. 2 was decided. It was voted to make the number 122. The box has been ordered.

—A deputy tax commissioner of New York has been here several days, looking up financial matters regarding the personal property taxes of summer residents who have during the past year or two become citizens of Newport. He completed the preliminary work yesterday and returned to New York last night, but expects to return and continue the investigation next week.

—The Boston Daily Advertiser, speaking of the concert given by Mr. Cabot and Mr. Copeland, says: "Mr. Cabot is a 'cellist whose technique leaves nothing to be desired. Both the Chopin and Rubenstein sonatas were nobly played. In the solo numbers Mr. Cabot brought out the beautiful tonality of his instrument, interpreting in a masterly manner. Mr. Copeland, who made his debut to Boston audiences, played in a masterly style. He has a well-nigh faultless technique, with great power and delicacy of expression."

—The Seventh United States Artillery band will render the following program at its weekly concert at Fort Adams tomorrow afternoon: March, "General Hasbrouck," J. F. Freeman; selection, "The Isle of Champagne," arranged by Theo. Moses; waltzes, "Dreams of Childhood," E. Waldteufel; overture, "Fra Diavolo," Auber; Spanish serenade, "La Paloma," Yradier; selection, "The Pirates of Penzance," arranged by Frederick Godfrey, song, "Because," arranged by J. F. Freeman; "A Warm Reception," Bert R. Anthony.

"A NUTMEG MATCH."

The Katherine Rober Company last evening presented the comedy drama, "A Nutmeg Match," which was witnessed by a large audience. The play afforded an excellent opportunity for Miss Rober to show her abilities as a comedienne, and she gave a pleasing performance as "Caders." James Kennedy as "Brick" was a capable assistant in the fun-making, and his songs were well received. W. J. Hurley was capital in the old man part of Uncle Bob, and the others of the company had interesting characters which were satisfactorily taken. The scene in the third act showing a pile driver at work was excellent.

PROJECTED MEXICAN RAILROAD.

Will Open Up Important Coffee and Tobacco Lands.

CITY OF MEXICO, Dec. 7.—One of the most important recent railway schemes launched here is a projected line across the state of Oaxaca, which will connect the Mexican Southern railroad with the Valley National and other important agricultural districts. The concession for the building of this line was given some time ago to a foreign syndicate, and it is now expected that the work will soon be begun. When completed, the line will connect most of the coffee lands in the state of Oaxaca with Vera Cruz by rail, and will greatly promote the development of the coffee and tobacco lands in Oaxaca, where there is much American capital invested.

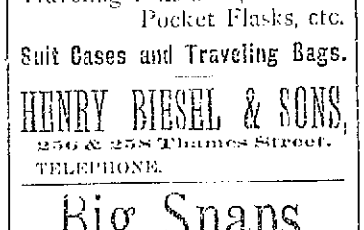
The purchase of the Vera Cruz & Alvarado railroad by Pearson & Sons, contractors for building the port works and the Tehuantepec railroad and reconstructing that line, is confirmed. The Alvarado railroad gives the contractors of the railroad communication south of the city of Vera Cruz.

Indianapolis Wants the Republican Convention.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Dec. 7.—Secretary Wooten of the Commercial Club today proposed to leading hotel-keepers of this city a plan to bring the Republican national convention of next year to Indianapolis. The hotel men approved the plans.

STANDING BY THE GOVERNMENT IN WAR-TIME.

It is a view commonly held among statesmen that partisanship must not be too obtrusive where foreign policy is concerned, while in times of warfare the government must be sustained rather than criticised. This view has evidently had wide acceptance in the United States and in England during recent and still pending emergencies. For example, the by-elections held in England since the outbreak of war in South Africa have given the Conservative candidates abnormally large majorities—not because of any sudden disapproval of Liberalism, but simply because the existing government happens to be Conservative, and the people have thought it needful to show their unquestioned loyalty in the face of active foreign war in one direction and of rumored hostile intrigues elsewhere. In like manner, though not to so marked a degree, the American elections in November sustained the administration. It is true that Mr. Bryan ingeniously read into the returns a great deal of comfort for his supporters; but the most candid newspaper opponents of President McKinley's policy have declared that the elections indicated an unmistakably strong support of the chief measures to which the administration is committed, and particularly of its Philippine policy.—[American Review of Reviews.

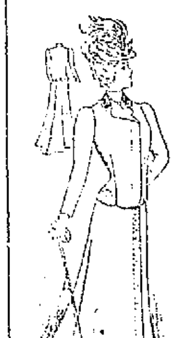


POCKETBOOKS,
Bill Books, Cardcases, Purses,
STICK PIN CASES,
Traveling Inkstands, Pocket Flasks, etc.
Suit Cases and Traveling Bags.

HENRY BIESEL & SONS,
256 & 258 Thames Street.
TELEPHONE.

Big Snaps.

REDUCTION SALE.



SUITS.

$14.50.
Choice of all our high grade Outing Suits marked down from $30 and $47.

$8.98.
Fine Outing Suits—blacks and colors, marked down from $16.

Ladies' Jackets.
$5.98, $8.98, $12.50.
All Jackets at these prices—blacks, browns, castors, etc., marked down to just about half price.

If you haven't bought your winter garment yet, it will pay you to come to Fall River. We pay car fare to purchasers of $5 and up.

FURS! FURS!
Fur Collarettes, $1.98 to $25.
Fur Scarfs, Muffs, $3.98 to $11.98
Fur Boas, $1.98 to $16.50.
Fur Jackets, $25 to $45.
Fur Capes, $1.50 to $45.

GOLF CAPES.
New styles, plain Kersey cloth with fine plaid silk hoods, $7.50, $7.98, $10.98.

CLOTH CAPES.
All lengths, Kersey, Boucle, etc., $3.98 to $21.50.

NEW YORK
Cloak and Suit Co.
281 SOUTH MAIN STREET,
FALL RIVER.

Wanted!
A few Horses to Board
FOR THE WINTER.
Excellent stable. Prices reasonable.
APPLY TO
CHARLES T. KNOWLES,
JAMESTOWN, R. I.

PIANOS AND ORGANS.

EDISON PHONOGRAPH RECORDS.

One barrel New Process Edison Records received today. Latest songs, latest 2-steps, etc.

ROGERS,
Music and Stationery,
210 THAMES STREET.

To Rent or for Sale.

Several uprights all in good order for sale or to rent for the winter at very low prices. Call and examine before renting or buying elsewhere.

JOHN YARS, 126 Thames Street,
Near Washington Square.

ESTABLISHED 1840.

FISCHER
ESTABLISHED 1840,
PIANOS
RENOWNED FOR
TONE & DURABILITY

THE WONDERFUL POPULARITY ENJOYED BY THE
FISCHER PIANO
FOR THE PAST FIFTY-NINE YEARS IS WITHOUT A PARALLEL IN THE HISTORY OF THE PIANO WORLD. DURING THIS PERIOD OVER
107,000
PIANOS HAVE BEEN MANUFACTURED BY THIS FIRM.

Grand and Upright Pianos
IN RARE WOODS AND CHASTE DESIGNS. WRITE FOR ILLUSTRATED CATALOGUE.

J. & C. FISCHER,
33 Union Square, West, between 16th and 17th Sts., New York,
—OR—
MANN & ECCLES,
347 Westminster St., Providence, R. I.

CLOTHING.

Wright's Health Underwear
(DOUBLE TEXTURE)
AT COST
W. C. LANGLEY & SON,
174 Thames St

New and stylish Overcoatings for fall and winter wear in great variety at
OTTO'S,
244 Thames St.

"Lamson & Hubbard."
The best hat for the lowest price. All the leading shapes Color and wear guaranteed.
NEIL McLENNAN,
268 THAMES STREET.

Speaking of Dress,
Would not a nice Suit, Top Coat, pair of Trousers, or a Fancy Vest be just the thing?
Come in and let me show you a complete line of the above goods.
J. K. McLennan, 198 Thames St.

Winter Board for Horses.
Practicing veterinary in full charge of stable. 15 acre paddock perfectly smooth and no barbed wire. Stable ventilation perfect. For further particulars apply at BATEMAN'S.

TRAVELERS' DIRECTORY

FALL RIVER LINE.
For New York, the South and West

Steamers PRISCILLA and PURITAN in commission. A fine orchestra on each.
Leave Newport week days only at 9:15 P. M. Due New York 7:00 A. M.
Returning from New York steamers leave Pier 19, N. R., foot of Warren street, week days only at 5:30 P. M.
Eastward steamers touch at Newport, remaining here until 3:45 A. M. before proceeding to Fall River.
For tickets and staterooms apply at New York & Boston Dispatch Express Office, 272 Thames street, J. L. Greene, Ticket Agent.
J. H. JORDAN, Agent, Newport, R. I.
O. H. TAYLOR, General Passenger Agent, New York.

Newport & Wickford Railroad and Steamboat Co.
"The Wickford Route."

IN EFFECT NOVEMBER 1, 1899.

LEAVE	A M	P M	P M	P M
Newport,	*10:00	*1 20	*1:10	*7:35
Providence, arrive,	11:50	3:13	5:50	9:50
Boston, arr.,	1:13	4:20	7:00	11:00
New York, arr.,	1:30	6:57	11:00	B
	P M	P M	P M	P M
LEAVE	A M	A M	A M	P M
New York,	e*12 02	5 00	*10 02	*1 02
Boston,		10 05	1 03	3 00
Providence,		12 14	2 10	4 15
Newport, arr.,	6:35	1 00	4 00	6 40
	A M	P M	P M	P M

*Daily, except Sundays.
B Washington Express due Harlem River Station, New York, 2:05 A. M.; Philadelphia, 6:49 A. M.; Baltimore, 9:20 A. M.; Washington 10:32 A. M.
e Following this train is the through Federal Express (via Harlem River) leaving Washington at 3:00 P. M.; Baltimore 5:58 P. M., Philadelphia 8:10 P. M., due at Wickford Junction 5:14 A. M.; Newport, 6:35 A. M.
For tickets and drawing room chairs apply on steamer General, Commercial wharf, or at the Transfer Co.'s office, 20 Bellevue avenue.
C. C. COFFIN, Agent, Newport.

The Muenchinger-King and Hill Top Cottages,
NEWPORT, R. I.
Families or private parties, transient or permanent, accommodated at the above cottages, opposite Newport Reading Room.
BELLEVUE AVENUE.

WINTER BOARD.
A few rooms now vacant at Nason Cottage, Sanitary plumbing, hot water heat, house comfortable and pleasant.
GEO. NASON, 25 Mill Street.

PHOTOGRAPHERS.

DON'T FORGET
Others are daily making appointments and sitting for Christmas photos and you may delay until it is impossible for us to give you an
APPOINTMENT.
Make yours today, even if you cannot sit until later. There are but three weeks before Christmas. Different styles from last year are offered.
AT
THE "REMBRANDT" STUDIO,
OVER HART'S BOOK STORE.
Telephone 129 2.

KODAKS
In all the latest styles and sizes.
FILMS, PLATES, SENSITIVE PAPERS AND GENERAL PHOTOGRAPHIC GOODS. DEVELOPING, PRINTING AND ENLARGING.
Sole Agent for the
GRAM-O-PHONE.
Which uses flat Indestructible Records. Call and hear it. Price $18.
ELECTRICAL NOVELTIES AND AMATEUR ELECTRICAL GOODS.
GEO. H CHASE.
ROOM 4, OVER 201 THAMES STREET

MASSAGE.

Miss E. C. Dimock, Masseuse.
Refers to DOCTOR DOUGLAS GRAHAM, BOSTON, by whom was graduated. 205 Spring street, Telephone 215-4.

Dr. E. C. HOLLOWAY,
CHIROPODIST AND ELECTROLYSIAN,
Office, 79 Spring St., Newport, R. I. Open Evenings. Orders may be left at Seabury's Shoe Store.

Miss E. S. Peckham, Masseuse.
General and facial massage. Treatments with electricity if desired. Also Swedish movements. 15 Newport avenue.

Christmas Gifts.
WHAT TO BUY FOR GENTLEMEN:

ASH TRAYS,	KEY RINGS,
CARD CASES,	LOCKETS,
CARD HOLDERS,	MATCH BOXES,
CIGARETTE CASES,	PIPES,
CLOTH BRUSHES,	RAZOR STROPS,
COMBS,	RAZORS,
HAT BRUSHES,	SUSPENDERS,
KEY CHAINS,	SHAVING CUPS,
KEY TAGS,	SOAP BOXES,
MILITARY BRUSHES,	TIE HOLDERS,
PHOTO HOLDERS,	WATCH CHARMS,
CIGAR CASES,	POCKET KNIVES,
CIGAR TRAYS,	SHAVING BRUSHES,
CIGAR CUTTERS,	SCARF PINS,
CORK SCREWS,	SMOKERS' SETS,
CUFF BUTTONS,	SPECTACLE CASES,
DESK FURNISHINGS,	TRAVELING CUPS,
FLASKS,	WATCH CHAINS,
HAIR BRUSHES,	WHISK BROOMS.
HAT MARKS.	

NO TROUBLE TO SHOW GOODS.

H. A. HEATH & CO.,
Jewelers and Opticians, 152 Thames St.

Morrow Coaster and Brake
Put in any wheel for $7.50.
I have removed my shop from 103 Thames street to 6 Marlboro street, where I will be pleased to serve my old customers as well as new that will favor me.
Wheels crated and shipped. Wheels stored for the winter.
All kinds of repairing, brazing and vulcanizing at lowest prices; work guaranteed.
Engines and boilers repaired, sold and exchanged.
Geo. W. Smith,
MACHINIST AND GENERAL JOBBER.
6 MARLBORO STREET.

ONLY $2.75
SEND NO MONEY. Cut this ad. out, and send to us, state your weight and height, also number of inches around body at bust and neck, and we will send this BEAUTIFUL FUR TRIMMED BEAVER CLOTH CAPE to you by express, C.O.D., subject to examination. You can examine and try it on at your nearest express office and if found perfectly satisfactory, exactly as represented and the most wonderful value you ever saw or heard of, pay the express agent our special offer price $2.75, and express charges. Express charges will average 40 to 50 cents for each 1,000 miles. THIS CAPE IS LATEST STYLE FOR FALL and WINTER, made from an extra fine and heavy all wool black or blue genuine Marsten Beaver cloth, 27 inches long, very full sweep, 12 inch upper cape, extra full. Upper cape and large storm collar, beautifully trimmed with black Baltic seal fur; upper cape trimmed with three rows and collar with two rows of fine mohair braid; cloth button ornaments. This cape is fine tailor made throughout and equal to capes that sell at more than double the price. Write for free Cloak Catalogue.
SEARS, ROEBUCK & CO., CHICAGO
(Sears, Roebuck & Co. are thoroughly reliable.)

TRAVELERS' DIRECTORY

OFFICIAL TIME TABLE.

NEWPORT & FALL RIVER STREET RAILWAY COMPANY.

IN EFFECT SEPT. 27, 1899.

Leave Fall River for Newport—* **6:15, **6:15, 7:15, 8:15, 9:45, 10:45, 11:45 a. m.; 12:45, 1:15, 1:45, 2:15, 2:45, 3:15, 3:45, 4:15, 4:45, 5:15, 5:45, *6:15, 6:45, 7:45, 8:15, 9:15, *10:15 p. m.
Leave Newport for Fall River—**7:15, 8:15, 9:15, 10:15, 11:15 a. m.; 12:15, 1:15, 1:45, 2:15, 2:45, 3:15, 3:45, 4:15, 4:45, 5:15, *5:45, 6:15, *6:45, 7:15, 8:15, 9:15, *10:45 p. m.
* To Portsmouth car house only.
**Not run Sunday.
Running time between City Hall, Fall River, and Newport, 90 minutes.
Last car for Fall River leaves Newport (Bull street) at 9:15 P. M.
Last car for Newport leaves Fall River at 8:15 P. M.
Last car for Portsmouth car house leaves Fall River at 10:15 P. M.
Last car for Portsmouth car house leaves Newport at 10:45 P. M.
More frequent trips will be run Saturdays, Sundays and holidays when pleasant.
Subject to delays, changes and corrections without notice.
Office at Portsmouth, R. I., is connected with long distance telephone. Special cars may be had upon application at the office of this company or at the office of the Globe Street Railway Co., at Fall River.
R. S. GOFF, General Manager.
R. H. FILLMORE, Jr., Superintendent.

Jamestown & Newport Ferry Co.
FROM FOOT OF MARKET SQUARE, NEWPORT.
On and after October 5, 1899,
Steamer Conanicut or Beaver Tail
Will run as follows:
Leave Jamestown—6:15, 8:15, 10.00, (U. S. Mail); 11 a. m.; 12:30, 2:00, 3:30, 5:00, (U. S. Mail); 6:00 p. m.
Leave Newport—6:45, 9:30, 10:30, (U. S. Mail); 12:60 a. m.; 1:30, 2:30, 4:30, (U. S. Mail); 5:30, 6:30 p. m.
SUNDAYS.
Leave Jamestown—9 a. m.; 12:30, 4 p. m.
Leave Newport—9:30 a. m.; 1:00, 4:30 p. m.
Subject to change without notice.

New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad.
EASTERN DISTRICT.
Time tables showing local and through train service between all stations may be obtained at all ticket offices of this company.
On and after Oct. 30, 1899, trains will leave Newport for Boston, Terminal Station, week days, 7:00, 8:20, 9:00, 11:00 a. m.; 1:00, 3:00, 5:00, e9:15 p. m. Return, 6:12, 8:32, 10:42 a. m.; 12:19, 3:18, 4:42, a6:00, 6:42 p. m. MIDDLETOWN AND PORTSMOUTH, 7:00, 9:00, 11:00 a. m.; 1:00, 3:00, 5:00, e9:15 p. m. PORTSMOUTH GROVE (flag stop), 7:00, 9:00, 11:00 a. m.; 1:00, 3:00, 5:00 p. m. BRISTOL FERRY, TIVERTON, FALL RIVER and TAUNTON, 7:00, 8:20, 9:00, 11:00 a. m.; 1:00, 3:00, 5:00, e9:15 p. m. MIDDLEBORO, 8:20, 11:00 a. m.; 3:00, 5:00 p. m. HYANNIS, 11:00 a. m.; 3:00 p. m. PROVINCETOWN, 3:00 p. m. PLYMOUTH, 11:00 a. m.; 3:00 p. m. NEW BEDFORD, 8:20, 11:00 a. m.; 1:00, 3:00, 5:00 p. m. FITCHBURG, and Stations on Northern Division, 8:20, 11:00 a. m.; 3:00 p. m. LOWELL, 11:00 a. m.; 3:00 p. m. COTTAGE CITY, 11:00 a. m. PROVIDENCE, 7:00, 8:20, 9:00, 11:00 a. m.; 1:00, 3:00, 5:00 p. m. Return, 7:30, 9:30, 11:59 a. m.; 1:30, 3:30, 4:30, 5:30, a6:30 p. m.
SUNDAYS for BOSTON, 7:00, 11:00 a. m.; 3:00, 5:00 p. m. Return, 6:27, 8:15 a. m.; 12:15, 4:28 p. m. For PROVIDENCE, 7:00, 11:00 a. m.; 3:00, 5:00 p.m. Return, 7:30, 9:30 a. m.; 1:30, 5:30, 6:30 p. m. For PORTSMOUTH GROVE, 7:00, 11:00 a. m.; 3:00, 5:00, e9:15 p. m. For MIDDLETOWN, PORTSMOUTH, BRISTOL FERRY, TIVERTON, FALL RIVER, SOMERSET, DIGHTON, NORTH DIGHTON, WEIR VILLAGE and TAUNTON, 7:00, 11:00 a. m.; 3:00, 5:00, e9:15 p. m. NEW BEDFORD, 7:00, 11:00 a. m.; 5:00 p. m.
a Boat from Fall River.
e Wharf Station.
A. C. KENDALL, Gen'l. Pass. Agent, Boston.
C. PETER CLARK, Gen'l. Supt., Boston.

Providence, Fall River & Newport
STEAMBOAT CO.
On and after Sept. 18,
LEAVE NEWPORT FOR
Providence
Week days, 8 a. m. Leave Providence, week days, 4 p. m.
Mondays and Saturdays only stop at Prudence each way. Stop at Conanicut Mondays only each way.
Excursion Tickets only 90 cents.
R. BUFFUM, Supt. Transportation.
ARTHUR H. WATSON, President.

For Block Island.
Steamer G. W. Danielson, Captain Dodge, will leave Commercial wharf Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays at 1:00 p. m. Returning, leave Block Island Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays at 8 a. m., weather permitting.

OCEAN STEAMSHIPS.

Boston & Philadelphia Steamship Co.,
—FROM—
Fall River to Philadelphia Direct,
Every Wednesday and Saturday,
At 6 P. M., connecting at Philadelphia with all rail and water lines to the south and west. Close connection made with all points on the N. Y., N. H. & H. Railroad.
Quick Despatch. Prompt Delivery.
Mark goods WINSOR LINE.
For rates and other information apply to
J. H. JORDAN, Agent N. Y., N. H. & H. R. R.
or to H. J. Jernegan, Agent, Derrick Wharf, Fall River.
E. B. SAMPSON, Gen'l. Manager, Boston, Mass.

FRENCH FANS
—AND—
White Kid Gloves.
Wm. B. Sherman, Jr.,
204 THAMES STREET.

LEONARD'S
Newport Steam Laundry
And Carpet Beating Works,
J. D. RICHARDSON, Agent, 306 Thames street. Orders may also be left at Peckham & Manchester's, 68 Broadway. Telephone Connection.

THOMAS KITCHEN,
Coupes and Victorias
To let with careful drivers.
35 Friendship Street.
TELEPHONE

GROCERIES.

A Cup of Good Coffee

And breakfast is half made, but if the coffee is poor your breakfast is spoiled.

Do you have a good cup of coffee? If not, it's because you are not buying it of us. Good coffee is one of our specialties, and we pride ourselves on selling a better article than you will find put up in any one or two-pound cans. Our Mocha and Java is a combination of two of the finest coffees grown; Genuine Arabian Mocha and private plantation Java. It costs a little more than the ordinary, but it's well worth the difference. Try it.

—AT—

The Boston Grocery,

Smith Building, 72 Broadway.

O. F. WILCOX, PROP'R.

Telephone 230-5.

Arrived Today,

FRESH FROM THE FACTORY.

200 Dozen Cans

—OF THE—

REPUBLIC BRAND

—OF—

FRUIT JAMS

Strawberry, Peach,
Raspberry, Damson,
Black Currant, Quince,
Red Currant, Blackberry.

THESE GOODS ARE EXTRA QUALITY AND WILL BE SOLD AT

10c. per can,
$1.10 per dozen

—AT—

James A. Eddy's,

Cash Grocery and Market,

250 THAMES STREET.

TELEPHONE NO. 110.

AT PHIL. STEVENS'S,

48 & 50 Thames Street.

5-lb. can Coffee, GROUND OR IN THE BEAN, $1.00
2-lb can Coffee, - - - - .40
1-lb. can Coffee, - - - - .25

These coffees are guaranteed.

PURE GOLD FLOUR,

The Best on the Market.

☞All checks given at this store cashed at the Store, 30 Thames street.

At D. E. YOUNG'S.

Colonel's Best Flour, $4.50 per bbl.
Colonel's Best Flour, 55c. per bag
This is the finest grade of flour sold in the city.
Granulated Sugar, 19 lbs. for $1.
My regular 30c. Java and Mocha Coffee, 20c. for this sale.
My regular 50c. Tea, 35c. for this sale.
Welcome Soap, 25 bars for $1.
Eagle Condensed Milk, 15c. per can.
Carter's Little Liver Pills, 2 for 25c.
Allcock's Plasters, 2 for 25c.

D. E. Young, 130 Thames St.

For the Cheapest and Most Desirable

AWNINGS

—TRY—

Wilmarth, 174 Bellevue Avenue.

Telephone 266-3.

SWEATING GOLD COIN.

The Process of Stealing the Yellow Metal With Acid.

Sweating a coin is merely robbing it of a portion of its legal weight without in any manner altering its appearance. Manifestly gold coins alone would appeal to the sweater, for silver would hardly pay for the trouble. In countries where paper money is employed sweating has taken no root. Also in countries like England, where the largest gold coin is a sovereign, the practice would hardly become epidemic. It is in the western portion of America that coin sweating has assumed the largest proportions. In the eastern states paper currency is universally circulated, but west of the great Rocky mountains the gold $20 piece, the $10 and the $5 coin are used almost exclusively.

Ten or 15 years ago the government found it necessary to pass measures against coin sweating, but even then the manifest injustice of arresting a person for merely "passing" such a coin—such a person being almost certainly quite innocent—appealed to legislators to such an extent that the law was made only to affect the actual manipulator of the unlawful process. The consequence of this has been that the authorities have had the greatest difficulty in securing convictions against the malefactors who have debased no end of coins on the Pacific slope.

The process of robbing a coin of a part of its metal is simple. The gold piece is merely immersed or suspended in aqua regia, a mixture of nitric and hydrochloric acids, which attacks the metal at once. The manipulator keeps the piece in his bottle only a short time, for a few minutes suffice for the mixture to absorb and hold in solution as much as six to eight shillings' worth of the gold from a $20 piece. The coin is then washed in water and polished with whiting, as otherwise its surface would betray the ordeal through which it has been passed, showing "pockmarks" in great variety.

The process is continued with other coins until the acid is "saturated," when it will absorb no more of the metal. The coins are exchanged for silver or other currency, as only an expert could detect the small subtraction in weight, and the silver is then re-exchanged for more gold, upon which the operator performs his little game in due course. It is only necessary for the villain to boil down his acid to complete evaporation, when the residue in the kettle will be found in the shape of a gleaming button of pure gold, varying in size according to the amount of acid and the charge it carries in solution.

In San Francisco the government secret agents have waged a long and bitter war with sweaters. They have captured many who were guilty enough in all conscience, but against whom no conviction could be obtained for lack of evidence, and they have placed others beyond all worldly temptation for various terms of years. One of the lone kings of this nefarious business, who was finally obliged to sojourn for a rest in the penitentiary at San Quentin, was named Gaudrich. He was an exceedingly modest and retiring man. He occupied an ordinary dwelling and conducted his operations on the roof. After many long weeks of vigil on the part of government detectives he was taken into custody, not red-handed but at least black-fingered by the acid. His apparatus was found most cleverly concealed behind movable bricks in the chimney, on top of his house. At the time of his capture a small bottle of greenish fluid was found, and this, upon being carefully reduced to fumes, yielded up a button worth fully two guineas. A few coins were discovered in the man's pockets and also in his residence. These, to all appearances, were honest coins of the realm. Under the microscope they were found to be fairly cross hatched with tiny lines, which had been produced by the process of polishing, to remove the traces where the acid had eaten away the metal.

Insidious as this acid thieving may appear, it might be regarded as crude by those who are acquainted with the "tricks that are vain" exercised by the "heathen Chinee." John Chinaman is numerous in California. He gets his long hands on many a golden disk, and with great reluctance does he ever relinquish his grip. He has never learned the "art" of sweating the coins with acid, but he accomplishes his purpose in his characteristically patient manner. He simply places many coins together in a buckskin bag and then proceeds to shake and toss and otherwise agitate that receptacle by the hour, or by the week, until he has worn off by abrasion $10 or $20 worth of fine dust of gold.

The coins wear one another. They present the appearance, when at length they emerge from the sack, of having been regularly abraded by pocket-to-pocket circulation, and therefore to all intents and purposes nothing illegal has been done. As a matter of fact, no Chinese has ever been apprehended or put on trial for this work. It is doubtful if the authorities have ever taken cognizance of the practice. Only a few people ever realized what the sly Celestials were at when, witnessing the hourly agitation of the coins, it is, of course, unlawful to bore a hole through a gold coin a America or to perform any other mutilation, but Mr. Chinaman cannot be said to mutilate the money he wears out so artfully, and therefore he pursues his course secure and unmolested.

There have been clever rogues from time to time who employ a slender tool with which to "gut" a coin. Their method is to make a small incision in the edge of a coin and then patiently dig out the inside, after which they refill the hollow space with baser metal. "High art" like this has become almost obsolete, for the acid business has frequently proved safer and less difficult of performance. Laws will multiply and detectives will wax more and more like Sheelock Holmes, but the makers and administrators of penal regulations will be obliged to arise early in the morning to prevent for all time the effort of man to accumulate his "pile" for "nothing."

SAVING THE WASTE FORCES OF NATURE.

The enormous mechanical energy of flowing water is irrevocably lost with every quantity of water which flows past unused. The same is true for various peat and lignite beds lying near the surface and exposed to the air. Their heat-producing qualities are so low that it is impracticable to transport them, and they certainly gain nothing through the influence of the atmosphere. Because of their diminishing value, these stores of energy must also be considered as temporary and their application for useful work, from a politico-economical standpoint, should be estimated accordingly.

At the present time, however, we have the means to bring into collected and portable form those benefits constantly coming to us from the sun, even though they can be seized only at the moment when, and the place where, they reach us. At the moment when Werner von Siemens created electrotechnology by the invention of a practical dynamo-electric generator, he also created the field for the development of the electrochemical industry. The true function of the electro-chemical industry is to give a concentrated and highly potential form to the fleeting processes of the forces of nature.—Dr. W. Borchers, in the Engineering Magazine.

FOREIGN AFFAIRS.

Little of Importance For Congress to Consider.

Resolutions on the Boer War Presented in Both Houses.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 6.—For the first time in many years Congress opens without the prospect of grave and important questions to be considered by the committees on foreign relations. The Spanish war is responsible for this condition of affairs, as we are no longer in a state of irritation with Spain over Cuba. True, Cuba may still be considered foreign territory, but with the military of the United States in full control and with no government save that of the United States, through our war department, it will require quite a stretch of the imagination to deal with affairs in that island as if it were a foreign nation. Hawaii, which for session after session was considered from the standpoint of a foreign country, is now United States territory. It is possible that many questions will arise before the session closes which involve our relations, but at the present time the indications are that all such matters are in a condition to be handled by the state department without the need of congressional advice or consideration. It is not like congress, however, to refrain from talking about and passing resolutions upon any subject of foreign intercourse which may become prominent before the public. Yet, with both houses of the same political party as the administration, the tendency would be to avoid action unless asked to do so by the president.

Sympathy For the Boers.

Resolutions have been prepared and introduced in both house and senate expressing the sympathy of the United States for the Boers. There is little likelihood of such resolutions passing, because the majority of members in both houses would no doubt consider it inadmissible to take any such action in view of the friendly relations existing between Great Britain and the United States, as that country would no doubt take offense. Some of the resolutions proposed are mild in character and merely suggest that the president use his good offices to bring about peace between the Boer republic and the British government. Even that kind of a resolution will probably not pass, as it is known that no interference from any foreign country would be well received by England. Of course there could be no offense in a tender of good offices, and when it is recalled that the British ambassador, accompanied by the representatives of five other European governments, waited upon President McKinley with a tender of their good offices to avert the war between the United States and Spain a similar tender now by the United States would have to be received with good grace by Great Britain.

More Committee Rooms.

The prospects now are that the old library rooms in the capitol will be divided up into committee rooms. Ever since the congressional library moved to its own magnificent building there has been quite a contest between the senate and house as to the control of the rooms vacated. The members of the house, and especially Speaker Reed, were very anxious to have the largest room of the old library used for a joint restaurant of the senate and house, so that the disagreeable features arising from having the senate and house restaurants immediately under the halls of each might be removed. The senate would never consent to any such disposition of the rooms, and there was a consequent deadlock. During the long recess considerable additions have been made to the house restaurant, which will make it much more pleasant than it has been in the past for the members. This probably indicates an inclination on the part of the house managers to use the old library rooms for committee rooms, which are much needed by both the senate and house.

Sibley's Automobile.

When Joseph C. Sibley of the Twenty-seventh Pennsylvania congressional district was in congress before, he drove the finest horses of any man in Washington. Now he rides in an automobile and skims about the smooth streets of Washington, handling the machine as well as he formerly handled the fine spans behind which he sped about the city. Mr. Sibley is a man of wealth, who can indulge in all the pleasures, whether they be with horses, automobiles or bicycles. I have not heard how he came to take up the automobile, but it is said to be a sort of fad, just as fine horses were a few years ago. Mr. Sibley was not a member of the last congress, having declined the nomination. Congress does not interest him very much, and he really prefers his farm and his horses to political life. But his personal popularity resulted in his return to congress in spite of his personal inclinations.

Representative and Mrs. Mercer of Nebraska have almost earned the name of congressional globe trotters. They have just returned from Europe, where they spent six months in visiting nearly all of the countries of that continent, including the far eastern territories of Russia and Turkey. During the last long vacation Mr. and Mrs. Mercer went through China, Japan and India, returning by way of Honolulu, where they spent considerable time. In their travels in Europe this year they had a most enjoyable time.

ARTHUR W. DUNN.

CUTTLEFISH INK.

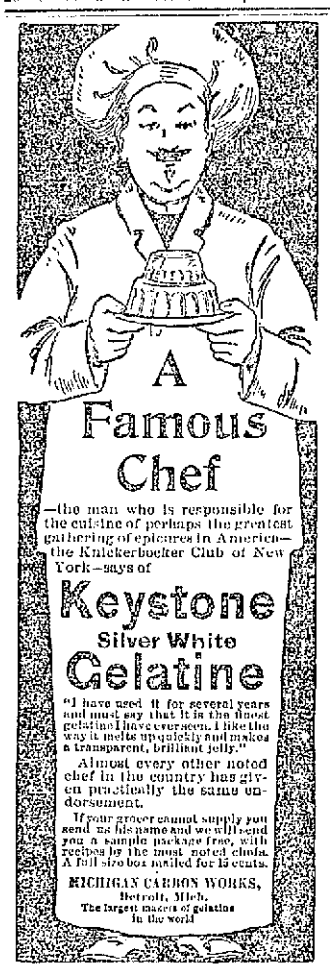
The cuttlefish are caught in great numbers off this coast and are used as a bait for the conger eel, for which this part of the world is celebrated. The cuttlefish possesses no real mouth, but has a long, cylindrical sucker with which it adheres firmly to the bait. The method of capturing the fish is as follows: A long line from which are suspended from 200 to 300 hooks baited with portions of pilchards (almost the only bait the cuttlefish will take) is let down into the sea and allowed to stop there for about half an hour; it is then drawn up, and the cuttlefish are found hanging by means of their suckers to the bait.

The moment that they leave the water they eject with considerable force a great quantity of deep black, viscous substance which is about the consistency of treacle, and the stain made by it upon the clothes of the fishermen is permanent if it happen to fall upon them.

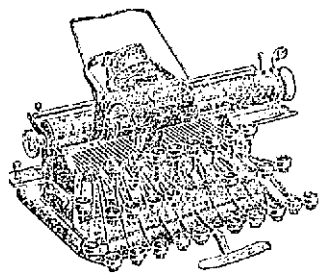
I had a conversation with one man who has several times received a full charge in his face, and he assured me that beyond the smell, which is most nauseous, he felt no inconvenience at all, no smarting or pain in his eyes, and no bad after effects.

If any of the liquid gets upon the nets it ruts them beyond repair unless it is washed off immediately. Another curious fact is that this fluid will not injure cloth in the slightest degree beyond making a permanent stain. One man told me that he had used a jersey for several years which had been squirted all over at different times by those cephalopods, but that except for the cloth being stained it was as good as ever.

When this "ink" is ejected under water it hangs in a sort of cloud and does not spread.—Penzance letter in the London Leader.



BLICKENSDERFER



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BROADWAY.

FINANCIAL.

NEW YORK, Dec. 7, Wall Street—The stock market opened firm, with American Steel & Wire 4%, Atchison pfd. 65½, Burlington 132⅝, Continental Tobacco 40, Federal Steel 60⅝, Leather 12⅝ to 13, Missouri Pacific 47⅝, Brooklyn Transit 83⅝, Northern Pacific 50, People's Gas 111⅞, Sugar 153, St. Paul 123⅞, Southern Pacific 57⅝, Tobacco 114⅝, and Union Pacific 40⅝.

10—The upward movement of prices in the stock market developed yesterday afternoon was continued at the opening this morning. Gains were moderate and, excepting Sugar, did not exceed a fraction. The industrial specialties showed rather wider advances in the railroads.

11—Round amounts of Sugar and Brooklyn Transit were offered on a scale-down until they had declined a point. Support was then offered and losses were recovered. There was some irregularity in the Iron and Steel stocks, but the group was rather firmer than the general list. The trading was semi-stagnant.

Noon—Money on call, firm at 7 per cent; prime mercantile paper, 5½ @ 6 per cent; sterling exchange, steady, with good business in bankers' bills at $4.86½ @ 7/8 for demand and $4.81½ @ 83 for 60 days; posted rates, $4.82½ and $4.87½; commercial bills, $4.80⅞; silver certificates, 58½ @ 59½; bar silver, 59; Mexican dollars, 47½; government bonds, easier. A determined raid on the Tobacco stocks dislodged many stop-loss orders, which depressed Continental 2½ and American three points. Other industrials were then assailed and some noteworthy losses followed, especially in the Iron and Steel group. The railways ran off in sympathy, but there were no heavy offerings in that department. Bonds were dull and steady.

NEW YORK, Dec. 7.

	Noon.
Atchison	22¾
Atchison preferred	64
Canada Southern	53
Chicago, Burlington & Quincy	121⅞
C., C., C. & St. Louis	62¼
Delaware & Hudson	119¼
Delaware, Lackawanna & Western	180
Erie	12⅞
Illinois Central	114
Lake Shore	205
Louisville & Nashville	81
Manhattan	103¼
Metropolitan Traction	198½
Missouri Pacific	47
Missouri, Kansas & Texas	11⅞
New Jersey Central	119⅞
New York Central	124
Northern Pacific	53⅞
Northern Pacific preferred	70
Northwestern	167
Ontario & Western	34⅞
Oregon Navigation	40
Reading	20
Rock Island	112¼
St. Paul	128½
St. Paul preferred	173
Southern Pacific	41⅞
Texas & Pacific	18
Union Pacific	40¼
Union Pacific preferred	76¼
Wabash	8
Wheeling & Lake Erie	10⅞
Adams Express	1[illegible]
Wells, Fargo Express	127
American Spirits	4
American Tobacco	112¼
Consolidated Tobacco	78
Continental Tobacco preferred	90¼
General Electric	125
Lead	28⅞
Pacific Mail	40⅞
Pullman Palace	192
Sugar	152¼
Tennessee Coal & Iron	113
Leather	12⅞
Leather preferred	85⅞
Western Union	87¼

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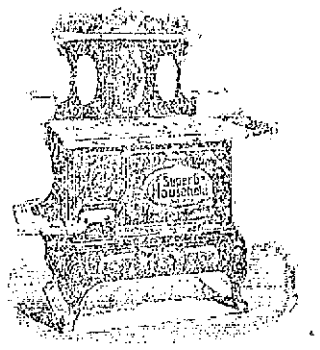

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We will sell POLISHED Blank Records at 25c. each.

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Will purchase one quart Great Western Champagne from this day until January 1, 1900.

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Will purchase 20 lbs. Granulated Sugar, 5 lbs. of our K. & C. Coffee, 5 lbs English Breakfast, Oolong or Mixed Tea.

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"J. C. PONDER, JR."

Schooner J. C. Ponder, Jr., is in today, for us, with cargo of

Wilkesbarre "Egg,"

Also the schooner

"URBANA,"

With a cargo of

Wilkesbarre "Stove,"

And the schooner

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With a cargo of

"White Pine Wood."

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PERRY BROTHERS.

MR. WHITNEY'S LENOX HOME.

Ten-Thousand-Acre Estate Contains Buffalo, Elk and Game Birds.

William C. Whitney is so much interested in his place on October mountain that he has been up frequently during the autumn, and while his house is closed he has so many people living on his large estate that he can have it opened on very short notice. He greatly enjoys this most secluded spot. From the railroad station it is a drive of five miles up a mountain road, through primeval forest, and when Mr. Whitney reaches his house on the hilltop, over 2,000 feet above sea level, he can look over a vast territory which now belongs to him. He has, including purchases made during the present year, nearly 10,000 acres. It is a rough, wild country, with many high hilltops that command extensive views reaching to the Catskills. He has laid out bridle paths and private roadways of several miles already, and will make more next year.

The big game, including the buffalo, elk, and game birds, have done fairly well this year. The buffalo, however, are not increasing as rapidly as was expected when they were brought on from the Rocky mountains. Mr. Whitney now has nine cows and four bulls and two calves were born this year. The largest bull, said to be the largest buffalo in America, which cost Mr. Whitney something like $10,000, is an ugly old fellow, and no strangers can approach him with safety. Frank Chapel, the gamekeeper, is so familiar with the buffalo that he can do almost anything with them. Sheds have been built for them, where they stay a large part of the time in the winter. They are now being fed on hay and grain, and are in fair condition. During the pleasant weather of the past month they have been out on foraging expeditions through the woods and over rocky hillsides which are included in the several hundred acres inclosed for them.

There have been 23 elk born on the estate during the present year, making the number of these animals 59. The herd is increasing so rapidly that the inclosures devoted to them will have to be enlarged. They seem to thrive as well in this climate as in the Rocky mountains, from which they were brought. The black-tailed deer, which were brought on from the Rocky mountains at the same time as the buffalo and elk, have died or disappeared in some way, as some of them have never been accounted for. Mr. Whitney and his son, Harry Payne Whitney, conceived the idea of also stocking this great estate with game birds. They brought on a large number of pheasants and quail, which have multiplied remarkably fast, but since cold weather came on they have gone down farther into the valleys. The native partridges have wonderfully increased upon the place since Mr. Whitney purchased it, as no outsiders are allowed to hunt within the limits of the estate, and Mr. Whitney's men are so watchful that it would be rather difficult for hunters to evade them. The result is that when Mr. Whitney or his son comes up with a party of friends for a shooting expedition they have fine sport, and in the future it will be still better, as this is one of the best resorts for the native partridge and woodcock in Berkshire.

Mr. Whitney has had built very comfortable houses about his place for his employes. They live here the year round and look after the game and care for the place generally. On the whole, Mr. Whitney's estate in Berkshire is a unique one, as there is nothing like it in this part of the country. The land was purchased at a small price, and Mr. Whitney continues to add to it. He pays about half the taxes of the town of Washington, where the bulk of his estate is located.

Mr. Whitney has made many improvements on the place the past year, building private driveways and bridle paths and clearing up the groves about the various small lakes and stocking the brooks with trout. He has had golf links laid out and built a fine tennis court, so that sports of all kinds can be had here. It will be one of the most attractive and interesting places in this country before Mr. Whitney gets through with it.—[New York Times.

ON THE ROCKS NEAR THE COAL MINES.

Schooner Horace G. Morse, Captain Hilton, eastward bound from Fall River, in ballast, went ashore Tuesday on the northern end of the island, near the Portsmouth coal mines. A heavy westerly wind was blowing and kicking up quite a sea at the time. The Morse missed stays and, having much leeway, quickly drifted into shoal water near the coal mines. In the seaway she rolled considerably, while the tide was in, but when it went out she settled down hard and fast on a rocky bottom. Tuesday night the Providence Towboat Company's Carrie A. Ramsey pulled for an hour in an effort to haul the stranded vessel off into deeper water, but was unsuccessful in the attempt.

The Morse is a three-masted schooner, hailing from Bath, Me. She landed a cargo of [illegible] feet of hard pine in Fall River. Owing to the sea which was running in the bay when the schooner went ashore, it is feared that her bottom may have sustained damage.

Y. M. C. A. NOTES.

Rev. C. E. Luck, pastor of the First Christian Church of Fall River, will deliver his lecture, "Hackers and Drones, or Success and How to Win It," in the lecture room tonight. Mr. Luck is an attractive speaker and those who heard him when he spoke during the week of prayer were enthusiastic in his praise.

A canvass is now on foot to secure $400 before January 1, in order to begin the new year with all bills paid. Thus far there has been a very gratifying response and the money will probably all be secured within the next few days. The expenses have been unusually large during the last year, but the receipts have increased in like manner, enabling a much wider work to be carried on than for some years. The membership is now over 600 and it is expected that at the end of the year it will be at least 650.

There will be an entertainment and sale in the rooms Tuesday, December 12, by Circle 3 of the Women's Auxiliary. This circle is composed of 10 ladies who have pledged to secure $50 for the work of the Association before next June, $25 of which will be deposited in bank as an addition to the Auxiliary fund for a new building. There are 10 of these circles, who will secure $500, one half for the building and one half for the general work.

How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that can not be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Props., Toledo, O.

We the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by their firm.

West & Truax, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O. Walding, Kinnan & Marvin, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Price 75c. per bottle. Sold by all Druggists. Testimonials free.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

JEFFRIES-SHARKEY FIGHT PICTURES.

The pictures of the Jeffries-Sharkey fight at Coney Island, to be shown at the Casino, Fall River, were taken by the American Mutoscope and Biograph Company, by arrangement with the management of the fistic contest, and they consequently had their machines at the ringside, where they were afforded every opportunity for securing the best results, every detail of the 25 rounds being reproduced. It takes just 2¼ hours to show the entire 25 rounds of the fight, requiring seven miles of film. The New England rights to exhibit the pictures have been secured by the Olympic Amusement Company, and following the Boston engagement at Music hall the principal cities of New England are being visited.

A STORY OF COMMODORE PERKINS.

Captain Mahan, in his life of Farragut, describes the late Commodore George H. Perkins at the battle of Mobile as going into the fight dressed in white trousers, a red shirt and a straw hat, dancing with delight on the top of his gunboat, the Chickasaw. Captain Mahan also credits Perkins with the practical destruction of the rebel ram Tennessee. Perkins had one big gun, and he jammed the nose of his boat against the stern of the Tennessee and pounded away. Although he was unable to pierce the armor of the ram, the concussion of his heavy shot was so great as to loosen the inside parts of the ram and prostrate the rebel commander and part of his crew. After pounding away for some time on one side of the stern of the Tennessee, Perkins backed away and came up on the other side and recommenced firing. While he was standing on the front part of the vessel, a rebel sailor poked a rifle out and aimed at Perkins. He with great presence of mind threw his field glasses in the man's face, exclaiming: "How dare you point a gun at an officer?" The man was so taken aback that he immediately withdrew the rifle and the officer was not bothered any more. Great is nerve.

T.

ELECTION OF OFFICERS.

The Robert Emmet Guards have elected the following officers:

Captain—M. J. Kelley.
First Lieutenant—Maurice Roche.
Second Lieutenant—P. J. Kirby.
Treasurer—J. J. McCarthy.
Secretary—John J. Sullivan.

Charles E. Lawton Post, Grand Army of the Republic, has elected the following officers:

Commander—John T. Delano.
Senior Vice Commander—Alfred L. Trowbridge.
Junior Vice Commander—William Lowe.
Surgeon—Robert Cradle.
Quartermaster—Charles E. Harvey.
Officer of the Day—Arthur R. Tuell.
Officer of the Guard—B. Frank Boardley.
Chaplain—William S. Bailey.
Inner Guard—John B. Mason.
Outer Guard—Frank C. Crompton.
Delegates to State Encampment—Charles E. Harvey, George A. Pritchard, A. L. Trowbridge, Timothy C. Sullivan.
Alternates—Robert Cradle, William B. West, A. R. Tuell, William Lowe.
Trustees—William S. Bailey, Charles E. Harvey, Charles H. Clarke.
Relief Committee—Edward N. Lawton, Nathan Wood, Thomas N. Freeborn.
Auditing Committee—Charles H. Clarke, Edward N. Lawton, George A. Pritchard.
Finance Committee—Timothy C. Sullivan, John B. Mason, Thomas M. Freeborn.

LOCAL BRIEFS.

—DeBlois & Eldridge have rented for Messrs. Louis & Samuel Sachs the building on the easterly side of Bellevue avenue, on the Ocean House property, to Messrs. L. Alman & Co. for 1900.

THE POOR MAN'S WAY OUT.

It is an old story that the financial burdens of society rest finally upon the shoulders of the poor. We are not speaking of those who are poor through their own profligacy, but of the great mass of honest, earnest toilers who do the work of human society, and pay its bills. Public taxation of every kind is passed down from hand to hand until at last it is fastened upon the back of labor. The banker refuses to bear a tax burden, and charges it as an expense to the broker; the broker passes it on to his customer; the customer, if a landlord, charges it up in the rent bills of his tenants, or, if a manufacturer, makes it up by reducing the wages of his employes. Gloss it over, or regret it, as we may, such are the facts of human experience and the teachings of all political economy.

Such conditions are inherent in our system of civilization, and are not chargeable to individual choice or intent. We are glad to believe that as a result of modern enlightenment a sentiment is arising upon this and other subjects which promises better things for the future. We think that more and more the principle of cooperation is to supplant that of competition in all social relations, that justice rather than might is to become the standard of right.

This belief finds one of its chief supports in the marvelous development and work of the building and loan association. Cooperative in principle, practical in its methods, it enables the poor man to derive help and relief from the only source from which it will ever come to him, himself.

The statistics of the vast sums of money saved from the meagre earnings of labor, and of the many thousands of homes secured for struggling families, through this agency, have been given so often as not to require repetition.—[American Building Association News.

A CURIOUS CEREMONY.

Queer Rites at the Launch of the New Russian Battleship.

Originally it had been intended that the Varing should receive her name with all the honors and sizzling champagne of an American warship. At the last minute all this was changed, and the full Russian ceremony was decided on. This provides for all the rites of the Greek Orthodox Church, and, as a spectacle, is surely much more impressive than the American way. Despite wind and weather, an altar, with shining golden candelabra and a generous silver font of holy water, was arranged under the great ship's prow, and when the time for the ceremony drew near a score of bronzed sailors that will some day be a part of her crew assembled under the starboard side of the bow and opened little black hymn books as they prepared to chant the prescribed anthems. Down on the ground the balance of the crew, with the name of the ship in Greek letters on their caps, drew up in line as a guard of honor.

The procession of dignitaries and invited guests, always a feature of launches at the Cramp yards, was a somewhat impromptu performance. The Count Cassini, Russian ambassador, and his niece, Countess Cassini, trotted across the sodden street and through the muddy yard at the head of a generally straggling line. Captain Vladimir Behr, who will command the Variag, was a noticeable figure in the launch. He was in full uniform, of course, and being by nature a hustler, he was stirring about as if he did not mind the rain that was streaming from his shoulders off his chapeau like a miniature cascade. Rev. A. A. Hotovitsky and Rev. T. Zotikoff, the highest dignitaries of the Greek Church in America, who were in complete charge of the ceremonies, picked their way to the christening stand, their purple robes of office very sensibly shielded by flowing oilskin mantles.

As soon as the priests reached the stand they took their places at the altar and the ceremonies commenced. The opening prayer was listened to by all with uncovered heads, and then the sailor choir chanted the first hymn of the christening service. They did it well, too, despite a preponderance of bass voices. Then the priests said the mass that made the ship and name one, and really gave the craft identity in the navy of the great "White Czar," even though she did not yet float the white flag with the blue cross of St. Andrew. That flag will be hoisted when the ship goes into commission, and until then the Variag must be satisfied with the flag of the Russian merchant service.

As they concluded the mass the celebrants blessed the ship thrice, standing directly under her powerful looking ram, and then they held up the golden crucifix, which each member of the Russian party reverently kissed. The priests anointed the vessel high up on the cold steel bow plates with holy water, gave a last blessing and the choir sung the closing hymn.

This ended the ceremony of Russia, and 200 brawny men, who had lined the ways, looking on in wonder at this newfangled idea, knew that their time had come, and with it the beautiful spectacle of the real launch. They drove the wedges home with right good will, and split the keel blocks out as if they were cutting cheese instead of tough yellow pine; and then, as they knocked free the last beams that shored up the ship, they hunted good places to watch the rest of the show. Edwin S. Cramp signaled that all was ready, and the eight men that always cut away the "shoe" pieces, or last restraining timbers, quickly had a kerf made for their saws, and stood waiting their final order.

At the bow of the ship Count Cassini now stood with drawn sword. He laid the glittering blade on the prow and the workmen were ordered to cut away all. A minute later came the rending, tearing groan that goes with heavy ships, and the huge hull started, just as the sword flashed outward and downward, looking for all the world as if the stroke of the weapon had set her free. The priests sent a deluge of holy water over the bow, and the ship rushed down, crashing the Delaware's waves into a cloud of spray as the stern struck the water.

Now arose the unexpected feature. A Russian ceremony is all very well, but it does not suit Peter Monroe Metcalf, a shipbuilder by trade and a past grand master of the lore of the sea. Without liquor, he argued, no launch could be successful, so he rose from the ways as the great hull slid along in the cradle, and, though he had no wine, he burst a bottle of double-distilled corn juice right on the ship's nose. Then Peter retired, satisfied, and the workmen smiled, for they, too, thought some fire water should be lost.—[Collier's Weekly.

Cut Glass.

AN INVOICE OF NEW PATTERNS OF CUT GLASS, IN CELERY TRAYS, SALAD BOWLS, SUGARS AND CREAMS, AND MANY OTHER ARTICLES, JUST OPENED.

Libbey and Dorflinger Cut Glass.

ERASTUS P. ALLAN,

131 & 133 THAMES STREET.

COAL.

A full assortment for family and steam use.

WOOD

Prepared in any manner desired.

HEIRS OF GEO. BOWEN,

WM. H. BOONE, Agent.

Telephone 207-3.

EGGS.

Don't use ice house eggs. This is the time of year that you are using a great many eggs in cooking, and be careful to buy fresh eggs or they will spoil everything you put them in. Our cheapest eggs have never been in an ice house, and our best eggs come in from the country daily.

BUTTER—Don't use old butter. There is just as much sense in using meat that has been in an ice house six months as there is in buying an ice house June butter that has been kept in an ice house for the same length of time. Fresh made creamery butter costs a little more, but it goes farther and has more value than held butter. People would not be so much stomach trouble in New England if people would be a little more careful and use fresh made creamery butter. Our butter all comes from the creameries two and three times a week.

EVERYTHING IN THE GROCERY LINE FOR THE HOLIDAYS, AT CUT PRICES

TEA—Do not pay 75c. and $1 per pound for tea. Our teas at 45c. per pound are the best that money can buy. A regular 70c. tea for 35c. per pound.

COFFEE—If you are in the habit of paying 35c. or 40c. per pound for coffee, try our coffee at 25c. per pound. We are satisfied it will please you better.

N. Y. BUTTER AND GROCERY HOUSE,

E. A. EDES & CO.,

149 AND 151 THAMES STREET.

WHAT A TWO-CENT STAMP WILL DO.

It may not be out of place to give an illustration of the vast distances a letter may travel on the strength of a two-cent postage-stamp. Suppose a girl in Key West, Fla., has a brother in the Klondike region who has risked all to dig fortune from mother earth, and writes to tell him the news from home. She drops the letter in the postoffice at Key West, and it starts on its long journey.

It does not, of necessity, travel in a straight line to its destination, but must follow the twistings and turnings of the railroads, which have complete charge of it until the northwest corner of the state of Washington is reached. When it arrives at Seattle it has passed through 11 states, and yet, so far as time is concerned, but one fourth of the journey has been accomplished.

It now takes a sea voyage from Seattle to Juneau, Alaska, and from the latter place is carried, as I have already described, to Circle City. It may be taken from there by friendly hands farther into the Klondike country, and finally delivered to the anxious brother, who has been eagerly awaiting the arrival of the next party from the nearest town in which a postoffice is conducted, in the hope that some one would bring him a letter.

This letter has now traveled in the neighborhood of 7,000 miles—by railroad, steamboat, stage, horseback and perhaps, dog-sled—and has been on the road for nearly 40 days, without a moment's rest!

No profit, in money, accrues to the government for delivering that letter; indeed each letter sent into the Klondike costs the government for transportation many times the amount of postage charged; but in such cases, should we reckon the profit only in dollars and cents?

Should we not consider also the happiness and satisfaction afforded this brother as he sits by his fire, perhaps homesick and lonely, but now with a loving smile illuminating his face, as he reads and reads again every word his thoughtful sister has written about home, mother and father, and perhaps of some one else whom he holds dear? When, finally, he places his treasure under his pillow and seeks rest he is happier than for many a day; and Uncle Sam, who has contributed so largely to that happiness, does not regret the small pecuniary loss he has sustained.—[Ex-Postmaster-General James A. Gary, in the Youth's Companion.

AUCTION SALES.

Farm Stock at Auction

Tuesday, December 12,

AT 10 O'CLOCK A. M.,

(If pleasant; if stormy next fair day)

I WILL SELL FOR MR. P. H. POWEL AT THE

SANDY POINT FARM,

Portsmouth, R. I.,

TEN JERSEY COWS

(2 now milch), 1 Thoroughbred Jersey Bull, 4 Heifers, 4 Calves, 6 Horses, 2 Lumber Wagons, Dump Wagon, Ox-Wagon, Ox-Cart, Top Buggy, 1 Covered Wagon, 1 Express Wagon (pole and shafts), 3 sets Heavy Double Harness, 3 sets light Double Harness, several Single Harnesses, Blankets, Robes and Stable Utensils, Harrows, Ploughs, Mowing Machine, Roller, 2½ Horse Power Engine, 200 Hens and Pullets, 600 Bushels Corn, 300 Bushels Potatoes, 30 Bushels Beets, 40 Tons Hay, 15 Stacks Corn Fodder, Corn Sheller, 2 Stalk Cutters, Feed mill, Hay Tedder, 2 Hay Rakes, 1 Hay Loader, besides household furniture, Crockery and many other articles. Conditions at sale.

Take electric cars to Sandy Point road.

FRED W. GREENE, Salesman.

LORENZO TALLMAN, Auctioneer.

MILLINERY.

Now is the Opportunity to secure stylish and attractive millinery at prices that will not fail to interest every one.

M. E. Tobin, 46 & 48 Washington Square.

FALL AND WINTER

Pattern Hats and Bonnets

MOURNING GOODS A SPECIALTY.

G. H. KIRBY, - 86 Broadway

FRENCH AND DOMESTIC PATTERN

Hats and Bonnets.

N. L. MASON, - 18 BROADWAY.

A. M. DUNPHY, Dressmaker.

Formerly of Park Square, Boston. HAS OPENED PARLORS AT 5 MOUNT VERNON STREET.

A CAPITAL CHRISTMAS PRESENT

FOR ANY YOUNG MAN, OR OLD ONE, EITHER, IS A PAIR OF

Military Hair Brushes.

WE HAVE THEM, AND WE HAVE NOT A GREAT NUMBER OF THEM, BUT THEY ARE CHOICE QUALITY, THE BEST PRICES MOST REASONABLE, LATEST STYLES.

FOR THE LADIES WE HAVE A FRESH STOCK OF

Sachet Powder and Colognes.

OUR DOUBLE X MIXTURE SACHET HAS ESTABLISHED A REPUTATION FOR ITSELF.

The Hub Pharmacy,

E. S. Blumenkranz, Dispensing Pharmacist

176 Thames Street, Cor. Mary.

TELEPHONE 242-4.

$15

There are now at The Oasis Kennels some prettily marked Angora kittens from $15 up; thoroughbred prize-winning cats, Persian, Angora, Maltese.

27 RHODE ISLAND AVENUE.

NEW BOOKS.

Smith Brunt, Esq., by W. K. Post.

Children's Books for the Holidays.

Curly Locks.
A Little Knight of Labor, Susan Coolidge.
A Flower of the Wilderness, A. G. Plympton.
A Pretty Tory, Jeannie Gould Lincoln.
A Little Girl in Old Philadelphia, Amanda Douglas.
Beck's Fortune, Adele E. Thompson.
Plantation Pageants, Joel Chandler Harris.
Cleared for Action, William Boyd Allen.
Two Biddicut Boys, J. T. Trowbridge.
Under Otis in the Philippines, Edward Stratemeyer.
The Young Master of Hyson Hall, Frank Stockton.

SIMON HART, 202 Thames Street.

Successor to C. E. Hammett, Jr.

Calendars for 1900

Black, Screen and Fancy, from the houses of Raphael Tuck & Son, Taber-Prang Co. and E. P. Dutton & Co.

An especially artistic line of FRENCH CALENDARS.

A large assortment of CHRISTMAS CARDS AND BOOKLETS.

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Child Life in Colonial Days, by Alice Morse Earle.
The Madonna in Legend and History, by Elizabeth C. Vincent.
Reminiscences of Julia Ward Howe, 1819-1899.

Waterman's Ideal Fountain Pens.

Carr's Book Shop, Daily News Building.

Jewelry!

NEW AND BEAUTIFUL

Dumb-bell Cuff Buttons, gold and gold plated; some with small diamonds; very low prices. Ladies' Guard Watch Chains, very fine Brooch Pins, with PEARLS, DIAMONDS and OPALS. Rings with solitaire diamonds at the old prices. Now is the time to BUY DIAMONDS as the prices have risen considerably.

E. C. Blaine's, 246 Thames street.

WHAT WE WILL NOT DO.

We will not wear out or tear your cloths with machinery as we do no machine work. We will not disappoint you, but will deliver your goods promptly at such time as you may designate. We will not charge you more than the steam laundry. Just try us and you will be convinced we are not excelled by any laundry in the city.

EMPIRE LAUNDRY, 155 PROSPECT HILL ST.

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The Genuine Edison Phonograph

Is the best talking machine made.

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ARE ALSO THE VERY BEST.

JUST THE THING FOR THE HOLIDAYS. THEY ARE GOING TO BE SCARCE. BETTER LEAVE YOUR ORDER NOW.

EDWARD GRIFFITH,

158 Thames Street.

LAPPIN'S

145 & 147 Thames Street.

Miss Mary Hussey, 7 Davis Court,

Wins the Doll

With No. 372.

Have you been in to see the

DOLLS and TOYS.

We have the grandest assortment to be seen in town.

Come in Saturday and see the new things.

Lappin's Toy Shop.